

Arkansas Judical Retirement System Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For Fiscal Year 2024

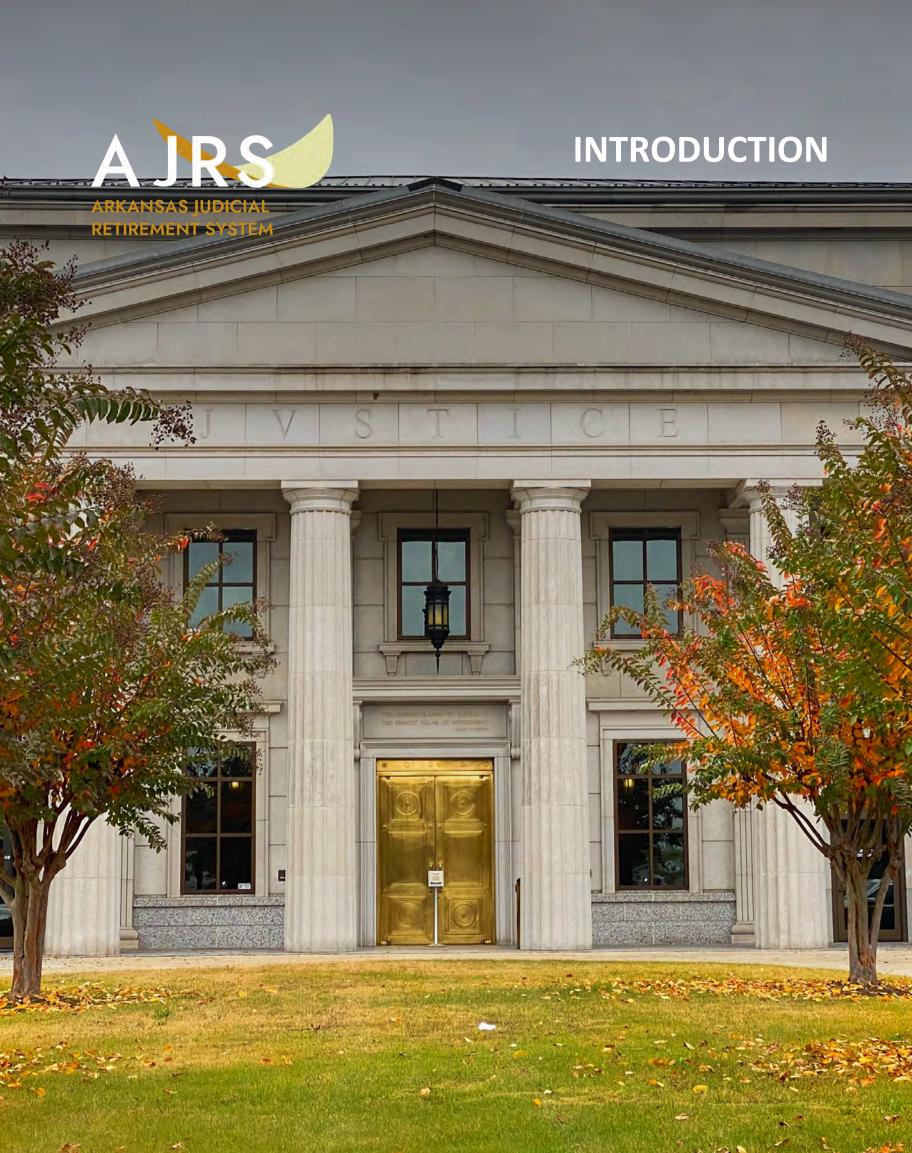
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A Brief History

Arkansas Judicial Retirement System

With the passage of Act 365 on March 28, 1953, the Arkansas General Assembly created the Arkansas Judicial Retirement System (AJRS or the System).

The statutes providing for and governing AJRS may be found in Chapters 2 and 8 of Title 24 of the Arkansas Code Annotated (A.C.A.). The administration and control of the System is vested in the Board of Trustees of the Arkansas Judicial Retirement System (the Board). The Board is appointed by the Arkansas Judicial Council.

The System provides for the retirement of all circuit judges, court of appeals judges, and Arkansas Supreme Court justices. Act 399 of 1999 created a Tier II benefit plan for all persons who become members of the System after August 1, 1999. Any active member of the System prior to August 1, 1999 had until the end of the term in office in which the member was serving on the effective date to elect coverage under Tier II.

Act 744 of 2009 permits Tier I judges with at least 20 years of judicial service to continue making 6% employee contributions in exchange for a 2.5% increase in benefits for each additional year of service. The maximum benefit payable is 75% of final salary.

This Annual Comprehensive Financial report, which covers the period from July 1, 2023, through June 30, 2024, provides comprehensive information about the System including statements of financial condition, investment objectives and policy, an actuarial report, historical and statistical information on active members, annuitants and benefit payments, as well as a description of the retirement plan.

System Highlights

(as of June 30, 2024)

| Active Members | FY2024 | | FY2023 | |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | Tier I | Tier II | Tier I | Tier II |
| Number | 5 | 140 | 6 | 136 |
| Average Age (yrs.) | 68.2 | 58.4 | 67.8 | 57.7 |
| Average Service (yrs.) | 31.4 | 9.3 | 31.3 | 8.8 |
| Average Annual Salary | \$199,250 | \$193,766 | \$198,195 | \$193,678 |

| Retirees | FY2024 | FY2023 |
|-------------------------|----------|----------|
| Number | 2.0 | 8 |
| Average Age (yrs.) | 71 | 70.6 |
| Average Service (yrs.) | 20.1 | 25.3 |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$11,494 | \$12,447 |
| | | |
| All Retired Members | FY2024 | FY2023 |
| Number | 179 | 178 |
| Average Age (yrs.) | 77.8 | 77.2 |
| Average Service (yrs.) | NA | NA |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$8,543 | \$8,478 |

Introduction



December 1, 2024

Board of Trustees Arkansas Judicial Retirement System Little Rock, AR 72201

To the Members of the Arkansas Judicial Retirement System (AJRS):

We are pleased to present the Arkansas Judicial Retirement System Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024. The report is designed to provide a clear and concise picture of the financial conditions of the Arkansas Judicial Retirement System.

Accounting System

The Fiscal Year 2024 Annual Report has been prepared to conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

The accrual basis of accounting is used to record the assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses of the AJRS Trust Fund. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, without regard to date of collection, and expenses are recorded when incurred, regardless of when payment is made. Investments are reported at market values determined by the custodial agent. The agent's determination of market value includes, among other things, using pricing services or prices quoted by independent brokers at current exchange rates.

Financial Information

AJRS is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. AJRS' internal control over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorization and are recorded as necessary to maintain accountability for assets and to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Funding

AJRS is funded through contributions from the state, employees, and investment income. The general financial objective of AJRS is to establish and receive contributions which, expressed as a percentage of active member payroll, will remain approximately level from generation to generation.

Investments

The AJRS Board is obligated to invest funds according to the authority and limitations set forth in Arkansas Code Annotated § 24-2-601 et seq., which includes fiduciary responsibilities under the "prudent investor rule." These regulations empower the Board to formulate an investment policy based on specific criteria and to engage professional investment consultants to support their investment decisions. The Board has

created an investment policy that aligns with the risk level appropriate for the fund. A list of investment managers for AJRS can be found in the Investment section. Actuarial Analysis

Actuarial Analysis

A pension is well-funded when it has enough assets to meet the future obligations to plan participants. A greater level of funding results in a larger ratio of assets accumulated to the actuarial accrued liability. The advantage of a well-funded plan is that the participants can be assured that enough assets exist to pay all promised benefits to members.

AJRS' statutory funding objective is to meet long-term benefit promises through contributions that remain approximately level as a percentage of member payroll. According to the actuarial firm, "if the contributions to the System are level in concept and soundly executed, AJRS will pay all promised benefits when due—the ultimate test of financial soundness." AJRS has an established Actuarial Funding Policy that targets a funding level of 100%.

As of June 30, 2024, the actuarial accrued liability and the actuarial funding value of assets for AJRS were \$354 million and \$337 million, respectively. Based on the funding value of assets, the funded status of the AJRS trust fund was 95% for fiscal year 2024. A comprehensive discussion of funding and actuarial measures can be found in the Actuarial Section of this report.

Professional Services

AJRS retains independent consultants to perform professional services that are essential to the trust fund's long-term strength and stability. Actuarial services are provided by Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company (GRS), investment consulting is provided by Callan, LLC, and the annual financial audit is conducted by Arkansas Legislative Audit in accordance with A.C.A. § 24-2-702.

Acknowledgments

This report is the result of the combined efforts of the AJRS' staff under the direction of the AJRS Board of Trustees. Its purpose is to provide complete and reliable information as a basis for making management decisions, determining compliance with legal provisions, determining responsible stewardship over the assets contributed by the members and employers.

Respectfully

The Honorable Charles Yeargan

Chair

Arkansas Judicial Retirement System

harles A. Kean

Board of Trustees

Amy Fecher

Executive Director

Arkansas Judicial Retirement System

Introduction

Board of Trustees

The Honorable Charles Yeargan, Chair

Retired Circuit Judge

The Honorable Raymond Abramson Arkansas Court of Appeals Judge

The Honorable Herbert Wright Circuit Judge

The Honorable Marcia Hearnsberger

Retired Circuit Judge

The Honorable John Scott

Circuit Judge

Administrative Staff

Amy Fecher

Executive Director

Carlos Borromeo

Deputy Director of Investments and Finance

Jason Willett

Chief Fiscal Officer

Allison Woods

Deputy Director of Benefits

Ashley Golleher

Deputy Director of Operations

Laura Gilson

General Counsel

Phillip Norton

Director of Information Technology

Jennifer Taylor

Director of Benefits Administration

Jacobia Bates

Director of Public Affairs

Patty Shipp

Assurance Officer

Usha Doolabh

Manager, Investments

Jon Aucoin

Manager, Digital Services

Cheryl Wilburn

Manager, Benefits Operations

Tammy Shadwick

Manager, Human Resources

Shelly George

Manager, Employer Reporting

Brooke Hollowoa

Director of Communications

Professional Service Providers

Custodial Bank

The Bank of New York Mellon

Pittsburgh, PA 15258

Actuary

Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Co.

Southfield, MI 48076

Investment Consultant

Callan Associates, Inc.

Chicago, IL 60602



Management's Discussion and Analysis

This discussion and analysis of the Arkansas Judicial Retirement System (AJRS or the System) provides an overview of the system's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. It is intended to be used in conjunction with the letter from the AJRS Board Chair and Executive Director, and the financial statements and notes, which begin on page 10 of this report..

Using This Financial Report

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report reflects the activities of the Arkansas Judicial Retirement System as reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (page 10) and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position (page 11.) These statements are presented on an accrual basis and reflect all Trust Fund activities as incurred. The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of the financial statements and include additional information essential to understanding the basic financial statements.

The Required Supplementary Information following the Notes to the Financial Statements provide historical information and additional details considered useful in evaluating the condition of the plan. Investment data in the Financial section is presented at fair value. See the Actuarial Section of this report for a detailed discussion of the actuarial value of assets and liabilities and the funded ratio.

Financial Highlights

The net position restricted for pension benefits increased by \$26.6 million during FY2024. On June 30, 2024, total plan assets were \$335.1 million. These assets exceeded total liabilities of \$384,963, resulting in a net position restricted for pension benefits of \$334.7 million.

- Total additions for the system increased by \$16 million in FY2024. The primary reason for this large increase in FY2024 additions was the increase in net investment income of \$14 million. AJRS had an excellent year with investments which resulted in an investment return of 11.23% in FY2024.
- Benefit payments for fiscal year 2024 were \$18.1 million, or approximately \$695,750 more than fiscal year 2023.

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (see page 10) reports the pension trust fund's assets, liabilities, and resulting net position such that at the end of the fiscal year:

Assets – Labilities = **Net Position**

It is a snapshot of the financial position of the pension trust fund at that specific time.

The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net **Position**

The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position (see page 11) reports the pension trust fund's financial transactions that have occurred during the fiscal year such that:

Additions - Deductions = **Net Change in Net Position.**

It indicates the change that has occurred to the prior year's net position value on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements are provided as an integral component of the financial statements to help explain in narrative form some of the more complex or less obvious elements to the statements. Further, the notes provide additional information that is essential for a comprehensive understanding of the System's financial condition and the results of its operations.

Note 1 provides a general description of the System, including information regarding membership and employers.

Note 2 summarizes significant accounting policies, including the basis of accounting, management's use of estimates, and other accounting policies.

Note 3 describes deposits and investments risk.

Note 4 provides information regarding legally required reserves.

Note 5 provides information regarding the System's net pension liability.

Basic Financial Statements

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

(for the years ended June 30)

| ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 2,803,155 \$ 3,947,19 Receivables: Contributions \$ 187,293 \$ 2,19 Investment Principal Receivable \$ 59,933 \$ 972,17 | | 2024 2023 | |
|---|--|---------------------------|----|
| Receivables: Contributions 187,293 2,19 | ASSETS | | |
| Contributions 187,293 2,19 | Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 2,803,155 \$ 3,947,19 | 99 |
| , , | Receivables: | | |
| Investment Principal Receivable 59,933 972,17 | Contributions | 187,293 2,19 | 90 |
| | Investment Principal Receivable | 59,933 972,1 | 70 |
| Accrued Investment Income Receivable 1,101,276 1,077,18 | Accrued Investment Income Receivable | 1,101,276 1,077,1 | 83 |
| Total Receivables 1,348,502 2,051,54 | otal Receivables | 1,348,502 2,051,54 | 43 |
| Investments At Fair Value: | nvestments At Fair Value: | | |
| Government Securities 44,181,000 35,844,82 | Government Securities | 44,181,000 35,844,8 | 28 |
| Corporate Securities 201,524,975 180,091,10 | Corporate Securities | 201,524,975 180,091,1 | 07 |
| International Securities 58,629,419 57,412,23 | International Securities | 58,629,419 57,412,2 | 37 |
| Real Estate 26,453,650 29,681,95 | Real Estate | 26,453,650 29,681,9 | 54 |
| Commercial Loans 134,314 169,39 | Commercial Loans | 134,314 169,39 | 99 |
| Total Investments 330,923,359 303,199,52 | otal Investments | 330,923,359 303,199,5 | 25 |
| TOTAL ASSETS 335,075,016 309,198,26 | OTAL ASSETS | 335,075,016 309,198,2 | 67 |
| LIABILITIES | IABILITIES | | |
| Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities 345,303 319,71 | Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities | 345,303 319,7 | 16 |
| Investment Principal Payable 39,660 783,74 | Investment Principal Payable | 39,660 783,7 | 46 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES 384,963 1,103,46 | OTAL LIABILITIES | 384,963 1,103,4 | 62 |
| NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS \$334,690,053 \$308,094,80 | NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS | \$334,690,053 \$308,094,8 | 05 |

The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

(for the years ended June 30)

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| ADDITIONS | | |
| Contributions: | | |
| Employer | \$ 9,860,335 | \$ 8,042,547 |
| Employee | 1,307,899 | 1,267,952 |
| Court Fees | 406,259 | 188,083 |
| Total Contributions | 11,574,493 | 9,498,582 |
| Investment Income: | | |
| Interest | 6,878,450 | 5,879,053 |
| Dividends | 2,580,213 | 2,225,775 |
| Investment Gain | 25,038,194 | 12,332,965 |
| Total Investment Income | 34,496,857 | 20,437,792 |
| Less: Investment Expense | 1,219,153 | 1,114,047 |
| Net Investment Income | 33,277,704 | 19,323,745 |
| Other Additions: | | |
| Miscellaneous Additions | 223 | 112 |
| TOTAL ADDITIONS | 44,852,421 | 28,822,439 |
| DEDUCTIONS | | |
| Benefits | 18,107,583 | 17,411,833 |
| Refunds of Contributions | - | - |
| Administrative Expenses | 149,590 | 170,984 |
| TOTAL DEDUCTIONS | 18,257,173 | 17,582,817 |
| NET INCREASE (DECREASE) | 26,595,248 | 11,239,622 |
| NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS | | |
| Beginning of Year | 308,094,805 | 296,855,183 |
| End of Year | \$334,690,053 | \$308,094,805 |
| | | |

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements are provided as an integral component of the financial statements to help explain in narrative form some of the more complex or less obvious elements to the statements. Further, the notes provide additional information that is essential for a comprehensive understanding of the System's financial condition and the results of its operations.

- Note 1 provides a general description of the System, including information regarding membership and employers.
- Note 2 summarizes significant accounting policies, including the basis of accounting, management's use of estimates, and other accounting policies.
- Note 3 describes deposits and investments risk.
- Note 4 provides information regarding legally required reserves.
- Note 5 provides information regarding the System's net pension liability.

Note 1: Plan Description

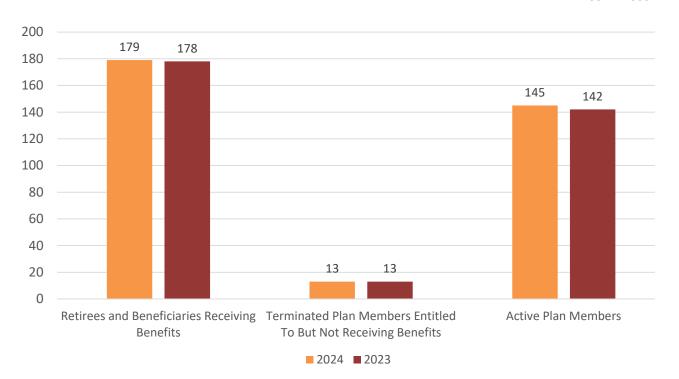
AJRS is a single-employer, defined benefit pension plan established on March 28, 1953.

The System provides for the retirement of all circuit judges, court of appeals judges, and Supreme Court justices. The laws governing operations of AJRS are set forth in Arkansas Code of 1987 Annotated (A.C.A.) §§ 24-8-201 through 24-8-228 and §§ 24-8-701 through 24-8-717. The administration and control of the system is vested in the Board of Trustees of the Arkansas Judicial Retirement System (the Board), which includes five members selected by the Arkansas Judicial Council.

Membership

As of June 30, 2024, and June 30, 2023, AJRS membership was as follows:

| Membership | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|------|------|
| Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits | 179 | 178 |
| Terminated Plan Members Entitled to But Not Receiving Benefits | 13 | 13 |
| Active Plan Members | 145 | 142 |
| Total | 337 | 333 |



Contributions

Contribution provisions are established by state law and may be amended only by the Arkansas General Assembly. The contribution rate of each member of the System is 6% of annual salary for Tier I (A.C.A. § 24-8-209) and 5% of annual salary for Tier II (A.C.A. § 24-8-706). When a judge is certified as eligible for retirement, no further contribution is required of that member for Tier I (A.C.A. § 24-8-211) or for Tier II (A.C.A. § 24-8-708). The employer contribution rate is 12% of salaries paid.

In addition to the 12% employer rate and the statutory fees, the Chief Fiscal Officer of the State is required to transfer from the Constitutional and State Central Services Fund an amount that is equal to the difference between the mandatory contribution rate and the actuarially determined rate necessary to fund the plan (A.C.A. § 24-8-210).

Benefits

An active member in Tier I with a minimum of 10 years of credited service may voluntarily retire upon reaching 65 years of age or thereafter upon filing a written application with the Board. Any other Tier I member who has a minimum of 20 years of credited service may retire regardless of age, and any judge or justice who has served at least 14 years is eligible for benefits upon reaching age 65. In all cases of age and service retirement for judges or justices elected after July 1, 1983 and remaining in Tier I, the member must have a minimum of 8 years of actual service as a justice of the Arkansas State Supreme Court or a judge of the circuit courts or the Arkansas Court of Appeals (A.C.A. § 24-8-215). An active or former member in Tier II may retire at age 65 with 8 or more years of actual service or after 20 years of actual service regardless of age (A.C.A. § 24-8-710).

Increases after Retirement

For any person who was a member on or before June 30, 1983, the retirement benefits are increased or decreased from time to time as the salary for the particular judicial office is increased or decreased. For all judges or justices first elected on or after July 1, 1983, and who have received retirement benefits from the system for at least 12 full calendar months,

the retirement benefits are increased each July 1st by 3%. Post retirement increases for members are authorized in A.C.A. sections as follows:

Tier I judges first elected before July 1, 1983:

§ 24-8-218 (c) (1) (B)

Tier I judges first elected after July 1, 1983:

§ 24-8-223

Tier II judges:

§ 24-8-717

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

AJRS' accounts and records are maintained using fund accounting principles, and its financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions and other revenues are recorded in the accounting period in which they are earned, and expenses are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the system.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the System's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. requires the System Administrator to make significant estimates and assumptions that affect various data in the report, including the following:

- The net position restricted for pensions at the date of the financial statements
- The net pension liability and other actuarial information presented in Note 5
- The required supplementary information as of the benefit information date
- The changes in fiduciary net position during the reporting period

Estimates may also be involved in formulating disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include demand accounts, cash in state treasury, and short-term investment funds (STIF). The STIF accounts are created through daily sweeps of excess cash by the System's custodial bank into a bank-sponsored commingled fund that is invested in U.S. Government and agency securities and other short-term instruments.

Note 3: Deposits and Investments

Deposits are carried at cost and are included in "cash and cash equivalents." Cash and cash equivalents include demand accounts, cash in state treasury, and short-term investment funds. As of June 30, 2024, these totals were \$5,987, \$15,053, and \$2,782,115 respectively. State Treasury Management Law governs the management of funds held in the State Treasury (cash in state treasury) and it is the responsibility of the Treasurer of State to ensure the funds are adequately insured and collateralized.

Investments

Arkansas Code Annotated §§ 24-2-601 – 24-2-619 authorize the Board to have full power to invest and reinvest monies of the System and to hold, purchase, sell, assign, transfer or dispose of any of the investments or proceeds of the investments in accordance with the prudent investor rule. Security transactions and any resulting gains or losses are accounted for on a trade basis. Net investment income includes net appreciation in the fair value of investments, interest income, dividend income, and total investment expense, which includes investment management fees, custodial fees, and all other significant investment-related costs.

Arkansas Code Annotated § 24-2-608 also states that the System shall seek to invest not less than 5% nor more than 10% of the System's portfolio in Arkansas-related investments. APERS recognizes a legal responsibility to seek to invest in the Arkansas economy while realizing that its primary, legal, and fiduciary commitment is to beneficiaries of the System. As stated in A.C.A. § 24-2-608 (d), "nothing in this section shall in any way limit or impair the responsibility of a fiduciary to invest in accordance with the prudent investor rule set forth in §§ 24-2-610 – 24-2-619."

Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the custodial bank. The custodial bank's determination of fair values includes, among other things, using pricing services or quotes by major independent brokers at current exchange rates as available. The following schedule reflects the fair value of investments.

Statement of Invested Assets

(Assets by type at fair value in dollars as of June 30, 2024

Government Securities:

| U.S. Government Securities | \$ 10,144,304 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| Agency CMO | 12,630,623 |
| Agency Pooled | 21,120,891 |
| U.S. Fixed Futures | 177,711 |
| Corporate Securities: | |
| Collateralized Obligations | 30,188,938 |
| Convertible Preferred Stock | 245,650 |
| U.S. Corporate Bonds | 32,534,479 |
| International Securities: | |
| Emerging Market | 2,254,407 |
| Global Corporate Fixed | 11,381,435 |
| Commercial Loans | 134,314 |
| High Yield Income Fund | 8,694,140 |
| Municipal Bonds | 107,470 |
| TOTAL | \$ 129,614,363 |

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the system will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are (a) uninsured, (b) not registered in the name of the government, and (c) held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the System's name. Arkansas Code Annotated § 24-2-606 does address the custodianship of assets, and the investment policy states that "the custodian bank shall, by nominee agreement, hold any and all securities for the beneficial interest of the APERS fund." As of June 30, 2024, there were no investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments. Investments can be highly sensitive to changes in interest rates due to their terms or characteristics. Interest rate risk is the greatest risk faced by an investor in the debt securities market since the price of a debt security will often move in the opposite direction of the change in interest rates.

The System's external fixed income investment manager uses the measurement of effective duration to mitigate the interest rate risk of the fixed income investments. The fixed income investment manager monitors and reports the effective duration on a monthly basis. The effective duration of the investment portfolio is required to be +/- 10% of the benchmark's duration. The benchmark for the U.S. fixed income markets is the Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index.

| nents and Ma | iturities | | | | |
|--------------|---|--|---|--|---|
| | | | | More than | |
| Market Value | Less than 1 Year | 1 - 5 Years | 6 - 10 Years | 10 Years | Fund - No Maturities |
| 44,073,529 | 177,711 | 2,748,275 | 1,259,228 | 39,888,316 | 0 |
| 62,969,067 | 1,848,661 | 13,657,207 | 15,995,384 | 31,467,816 | 0 |
| 13,635,842 | 367,369 | 5,451,348 | 4,148,512 | 3,668,613 | 0 |
| 134,314 | 0 | 134,314 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8,694,140 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8,694,140 |
| 107,470 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 107,470 | 0 |
| 129,614,363 | 2,393,741 | 21,991,143 | 21,403,124 | 75,132,215 | 8,694,140 |
| | Market Value 44,073,529 62,969,067 13,635,842 134,314 8,694,140 107,470 | Market Value Less than 1 Year 44,073,529 177,711 62,969,067 1,848,661 13,635,842 367,369 134,314 0 8,694,140 0 107,470 0 | Market Value Less than 1 Year 1 - 5 Years 44,073,529 177,711 2,748,275 62,969,067 1,848,661 13,657,207 13,635,842 367,369 5,451,348 134,314 0 134,314 8,694,140 0 0 107,470 0 0 | Market Value Less than 1 Year 1 - 5 Years 6 - 10 Years 44,073,529 1777,711 2,748,275 1,259,228 62,969,067 1,848,661 13,657,207 15,995,384 13,635,842 367,369 5,451,348 4,148,512 134,314 0 134,314 0 8,694,140 0 0 0 107,470 0 0 0 | Market ValueLess than 1 Year1 - 5 Years6 - 10 YearsMore than 10 Years44,073,529177,7112,748,2751,259,22839,888,31662,969,0671,848,66113,657,20715,995,38431,467,81613,635,842367,3695,451,3484,148,5123,668,613134,3140134,314008,694,1400000107,470000107,470 |

Credit Risk for Investments

Credit risk of investments is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. Credit risk exposure is dictated by each investment manager's agreement. This credit risk is measured by the credit quality of investment in debt securities

as described by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Each portfolio is managed in accordance with investment guidelines that are specific as to permissible credit quality ranges, exposure levels within individual security quality rating tiers, and the average credit quality of the overall portfolio.

The System's Exposure to Credit Risk

(in dollars as of June 30, 2024)

Moody's Quality Ratings

| | | | | | | | CCC or | | Base Market | % of |
|--------------------------|------------|-----------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|---------|------------------|-------------|-------|
| Catagory | AAA | AA | Α | BBB | BB | В | below | Not Rated | Value | Total |
| Government Securities | 43,435,168 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 638,361 | 44,073,529 | 34.00 |
| Corporate Securities | 667,338 | 1,083,709 | 7,183,812 | 22,502,339 | 3,819,245 | 949,843 | 487,839 | 26,274,943 | 62,969,067 | 48.58 |
| International Securities | 0 | 0 | 3,062,275 | 6,837,635 | 1,947,093 | 708,445 | 0 | 1,080,394 | 13,635,842 | 10.52 |
| Commercial Loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 134,314 | 0 | | 134,314 | 10.52 |
| High Yield Income Fund | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8,694,140 | 8,694,140 | 6.71 |
| Municipal Bonds | 0 | <u> 107,470</u> | 0_ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 107,470 | 0.08 |
| Total | 44,102,506 | 1,191,179 | 10,246,087 | 29,339,974 | 5,766,3381 | L,792,602 | 487,839 | 36,687,838 | 129,614,363 | |

S&P's Quality Ratings

| | | | | | | | CCC or | | Base Market | % of |
|--------------------------|---------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|---------|------------|-------------|-------|
| Catagory | AAA | AA | Α | BBB | BB | В | below | Not Rated | Value | Total |
| Government Securities | 0 | 43,435,168 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 638,361 | 44,073,529 | 34.00 |
| Corporate Securities | 462,321 | 401,920 | 6,770,324 | 27,082,830 | 3,123,850 | 1,871,790 | 373,968 | 22,882,064 | 62,969,067 | 48.58 |
| International Securities | 0 | 0 | 2,468,548 | 7,958,372 | 2,681,098 | 194,572 | 0 | 333,252 | 13,635,842 | 10.52 |
| Commercial Loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 134,314 | 0 | 0 | 134,314 | 0.10 |
| High Yield Income Fund | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8,694,140 | 8,694,140 | 6.71 |
| Municipal Bonds | 0 | 107,470 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 107,470 | 0.08 |
| Total | 462,321 | 43,944,559 | 9,238,872 | 35,041,202 | 5,804,948 | 2,200,676 | 373,968 | 32,547,817 | 129,614,363 | |

Asset-Backed Securities

Asset-backed securities (ABSs) are bonds or notes backed by loan paper or accounts receivable originated by banks, credit card companies, or other credit providers. The System's ability to recover the amount of principal invested in these securities depends on the performance and quality of the trust assets.

Mortgage-Backed Securities

A mortgage-backed security (MBS) is a type of asset-backed security that is secured by a mortgage or collection of mortgages. MBSs depend on the underlying pool of mortgage loans to provide cash flow to make principal and interest payments on the security to its holders. The payments are usually periodic, similar to coupon payments. MBSs are subject to credit risk, prepayment risk, and extension risk.

A collateralized mortgage obligation (CMO) is an MBS that comprises classes of bonds created by prioritizing the cash flows of the underlying mortgage pool. CMOs may be collateralized by whole-loan mortgages, mortgage pass-through securities, or stripped mortgage-backed securities.

The System invests in MBSs and CMOs for diversification and to enhance fixed income returns. These instruments are reported at fair value in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.

Corporate Bonds

Convertible bonds convey an option to the bondholders to be exchanged for another asset, generally a fixed number of shares of common stock at a pre-stated price.

Pooled Funds

AJRS is invested in an international pooled fund. The data is disclosed in Note 3: Deposits and Investments , Investments and Derivative Instruments measured at Fair Value. AJRS could be indirectly exposed to

credit and market risks associated with currency forward contracts to the extent that these pooled funds hold currency forward contracts for purposes of managing exposure to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates.

Derivative Instruments

Derivative instruments are financial contracts or agreements whose values depend on the values of one or more underlying assets, reference rates, or financial indexes. Derivative instruments include futures contracts, forward contracts, swap contracts, options contracts, and forward foreign currency exchange. At any given time, AJRS, through its external investment managers, may hold such instruments.

The external investment managers may enter into these investments on behalf of AJRS, primarily to enhance the performance and reduce the volatility of its portfolio. The external investment managers may enter into swaps and futures contracts to gain or hedge exposure to certain markets and to manage interest rate risk. AJRS' external investment managers seek to control this risk by evaluating the counterparties before approval, establishing credit limits for each counterparty, and employing procedures for monitoring exposure to credit risk. AJRS' external investment managers anticipate that the counterparties will be able to satisfy their obligations under the contracts. Investments in limited partnerships and commingled funds may include derivatives that are not shown in any derivative totals.

| Futures Contract | Expiration | Notional Value | Fair Value | Unrealized Gain (Loss) |
|--------------------------------|------------|----------------|-------------|---------------------------|
| US 2-year Treasury Note | Sept 2024 | 2,245,992 | 2,246,406 | 414 |
| US 5-year Treasury Note | Sept 2024 | (530,000) | (532,891) | (2,891) |
| US 10-year Treasury Note | Sept 2024 | 10,927,672 | 10,998,438 | 70,766 |
| US 10-year Ultra Treasury Note | Sept 2024 | (1,704,953) | (1,702,969) | 1,984 |
| US Ultra Bond Treasury | Sept 2024 | 4,445,187 | 4,512,375 | 67,188 |
| US Long Bond Future | Sept 2024 | 2,680,938 | 2,721,188 | 40,250 |
| | | 18,064,836 | 18,242,547 | 177,711 |

Fair Value Measurements

AJRS categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset and give the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets of liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lower priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable
- Level 3 Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which significant inputs are unobservable

Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value

fall into different levels in the fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The System assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability. The table below shows the fair value leveling of the investments for the system.

Assets classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued directly from a predetermined primary external pricing vendor. Assets classified in Level 2 are subject to pricing by an alternative pricing source due to lack of information available by the primary vendor. Real estate, timberland, and Partnership assets classified in Level 3, due to lack of an independent pricing source, are valued using an internal fair value as provided by the investment manager.

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument(s) and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk.

Investments and Derivative Instruments Measured at Fair Value

(as of June 30, 2024)

| | Fair Value | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|---|---------------|--------------|---------------|-----------|
| Investments At Fair Value | | | | |
| U.S Domestic Equities | \$74,617,042 | \$74,617,042 | \$- | |
| International Equities | \$23,902,967 | \$10,267,125 | \$13,635,842 | |
| Fixed Income | | | | |
| U.S. Government Securities | \$10,144,304 | \$10,144,304 | \$- | |
| Collateralized Obligations | \$96,582,402 | | \$96,582,402 | |
| Futures | \$177,711 | \$177,711 | | |
| U.S. Preferred | \$245,650 | | \$245,650 | |
| Commercial Loans | \$134,314 | | | \$134,314 |
| Total Investments Measured at Fair Val | \$205,804,390 | \$95,206,182 | \$110,463,894 | \$134,314 |
| Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV) | | | | |
| Defensive Bond Fund | \$8,467,568 | | | |
| High Yield Core Fund | \$226,572 | | | |
| Baillie Gifford International Choice Fund | \$35,896,157 | | | |
| Invesco Core Real Estate Fund | \$26,453,650 | | | |
| BNY Large Cap Growth Fund | \$54,075,021 | | | |
| Total Investments Measured at the NAV | \$125,118,968 | | | |

Investments classified as Level 1 in the preceding table are exchange-traded securities whose values are based on published market prices and quotations from either national security exchanges or active markets for those securities.

Investments classified as Level 2 in the preceding table include publicly traded debt securities and exchange traded stocks in inactive markets. Investments in this category are sourced from reputable pricing vendors using pricing matrix models and techniques. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Fair value is defined as the quoted market value on the last trading day of the period. These prices are obtained from various pricing sources by AJRS' custodial bank which maintains the book of record for all investments.

Investments classified as Level 3 in the preceding table are unobservable, meaning that the assets lack an independent pricing source. Values are provided by the investment manager or an external pricing source such as an independent appraiser.

Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV)

The fair value of investments that are organized as commingled funds or limited partnerships have no readily ascertainable fair value. The value is determined by using the net asset value per share or

its equivalent. Commingled fund values are based on each investor's proportionate share of the total underlying assets in the fund less any liabilities for client withdrawals, investment purchases or other accrued expenses. Limited partnership values are based on the capital account balance the general partner reports at the end of each reporting period, adjusted by subsequent contributions, distributions, management fees, and changes in values of foreign currency and published market prices for certain securities. Even though the limited partnerships and commingled funds issue annual financial statements audited by independent auditors, the year-end for the State and these entities do not always agree.

There are inherent uncertainties in estimating fair values for these types of investments, and it is possible that the estimates will change in the near-term or the subsequent sale of assets will be different from the reported net asset value. With certain exceptions, mainly the equity and the fixed income funds, these investments cannot be redeemed, or, have certain restrictions regarding redemption. The real estate investments distributions are through the liquidation of the underlying assets or net operating cash flows. Each investment has a different redemption frequency and notice period as noted in the following table.

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Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value

(in dollars as of June 30, 2024)

| | Fair Value | Strategy Type | of Non- redeemable mandates | Unfunded Commitments | Frequency (if currently eligible) | Redemption Notice Period | Other Redemption Restrictions | Restriction Time Remaining |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|---|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Defensive Bond Fund | 8,467,568 | Income Oriented Active High | N/A | none | daily | T + 1 | N/A | N/A |
| High Yield Core Fund | 226,572 | Yield Fixed Income | N/A | none | daily | T + 1 | N/A | N/A |
| Baillie Gifford Intl Choice Fund | 35,896,157 | International Equities | N/A | none | daily | T + 3 | N/A | N/A |
| Invesco Core Real Estate Fund | 26,453,650 | Core Real Esate | N/A | none | quarterly | T + 45 | N/A | N/A |
| BNY Large Cap Growth Fund | 54,075,021 | U.S. Large Cap Growth stocks | N/A | none | daily | T + 1 | N/A | N/A |
| | 125,118,968 | | | | | | | |

Fund Life

Baillie Gifford International Choice Fund

The Choice Fund aims to deliver good long-term performance to shareholders by investing in a portfolio of 60-90 international growth stocks with up to 15% in emerging markets. The portfolio is built through bottom-up stock selection. It differs from the benchmark and looks for businesses that seek to outperform the market over the long term. Portfolio guidelines ensure a level of diversification across sectors and regions.

Invesco Core Real Estate (ICRE)

The ICRE strategy is a portfolio of U.S. properties diversified by property type and geographic location, with an emphasis on attractive current income returns and the opportunity for both income and capital growth. It is based on top-down economic fundamentals combined with bottom-up local market intelligence.

Defensive Bond Arbitrage Fund

The Defensive Bond Arbitrage Fund's investment objective is to exploit different sources of return in high yield corporate securities in a way that generates risk-adjusted returns superior to those available from conventional high yield securities. The investment strategy is based on the assumption and observation that numerous market inefficiencies exist throughout the capital markets (particularly in the high yield bond markets) and that the prudent, active, and systematic exploitation of these inefficiencies can generate returns consistent with these objectives.

High Yield Income Fund

The High Yield Active Core philosophy is centered on the belief that the best risk-adjusted returns and, ultimately, the best absolute returns are generated by a strategy of yield capture and error avoidance.

BNYM Large Cap Growth Fund

the BNYM Mellon DB SL Large Cap Growth Stock Index Fund seeks to match the performance and overall characteristics of the Russell 1000 Growth Index in a risk-controlled, cost-effective manner. The Fund's approach aims to minimize tracking error, manage transaction costs, and utilize a full replication approach.

Note 4: Legally Required Reserves

The reserve accounts and their balances for the years ended June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2024, are described here and shown in the table below.

The Members' Deposit Account (MDA) represents members' contributions held in trust until each member's retirement, at which time contributions are transferred to the Retirement Reserve Account, described below.

The Employers' Accumulation Account accumulates employers' contributions to be used in providing the reserves required for transfer to the Retirement Reserve Account as members retire or become eligible for disability benefits.

The Deferred Annuity Account is the reserve account established to cover estimated retirement benefits to inactive vested members who are not currently receiving benefit payments.

The Retirement Reserve Account is the account to which member contributions, interest on those contributions, and employer contributions are transferred upon member retirement.

| Legally Required Reserves | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Members Deposit Account | \$14,598,404 | \$13,739,336 |
| Members Deposit Account Interest Reserve | 698 | 698 |
| Employer Accumulation Account | 93,490,572 | 80,490,226 |
| Retirement Reserve Account | 219,168,915 | 208,269,294 |
| Deferred Annuity Account | 7,431,463 | 5,595,251 |
| Total | \$334,690,053 | \$308,094,805 |

Note 5: Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the system at June 30, 2024, were as follows:

| Total Pension Liability | \$353,569,032 |
|--|---------------|
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | \$334,690,053 |
| Net Pension Liability | \$18,878,979 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability | 94.66% |

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

investments was determined using a building-block of arithmetic real rates of return were provided by method in which best-estimate ranges of expected the plan's investment consultant. For each major future real rates of return (expected returns, net of asset class that is included in the pension plan's pension plan investment expense and inflation) are target asset allocation as of June 30, 2024, these developed for each major asset class. These ranges best estimates, provided by the plan's investment are combined to produce the long-term expected rate consultant, are summarized in the following table: of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return |
|--|-------------------|---|
| Broad Domestic Equity | 37.0% | 5.18% |
| International Equity | 15.0% | 6.59% |
| Real estate | 8.0% | 4.77% |
| Cash Equivalents | 0.0% | 0.00% |
| Domestic Fixed | 40.0% | 2.56% |
| Total | 100% | |
| | | |
| Total Real Rate of Return | | 4.31% |
| Plus: Price Inflation - Actuary's Assumption | | 2.50% |
| Less: Admin and Investment Expenses* | | 0.00% |
| Net Expected Return | | 6.81% |

^{*}This may overstate the investment expense as the investment market assumptions are based upon passive management. Our assumption for investment expense includes the cost of active management.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability

The following table presents the net pension liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.50%, as well as what the System's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate of one percentage point lower (4.50%) or one percentage point higher (6.50%) than the current rate.

| 1% Decrease | | Current Discount Rate | 1% Increase | | |
|-------------|--------------|------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| | 4.50% | 5.50% | 6.50% | | |
| | \$60,361,897 | \$18,878,979 | \$(16,537,373) | | |

Actuarial Gains and Losses

Actuarial gains and losses result from the differences between the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) amount computed by the actuary and those same amounts reflected in the required supplemental schedules as of the date of the actuarial report.

The net actuarial gain or losses increases or decreases the unfunded AAL based on the annual actuarial valuation. The 2024 actuarial gains and losses were due to routine adjustments of actuarial assumptions and methodology, as well as normal experience gains and losses. The resulting actuarial gain was \$9,289,557. This actuarial gain was due primarily to the FY2024 actual investment return being significantly higher than the assumed rate of return.

Actuarial Computed Liabilities

The total unfunded actuarial computed liability of the system was \$16,756,865 as of June 30, 2024. This amount is shown at fair value and is based on the entry age normal cost method.

| Actuarial Present Value of | (1) Total Present Value | (2) Position Covered By Future Normal Cost Contributions | (3) Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (1)-(2) |
|---|----------------------------|--|---|
| Benefits to be paid to current retirees, beneficiaries, and future beneficiaries of current retirees | \$220,061,144 | \$0 | \$220,061,144 |
| Age and service allowances based on total service likely to be rendered by present active members | 191,002,955 | 66,185,861 | 124,817,094 |
| Separation benefits (refunds of contributions and deferred allowances) likely to be paid to present active and inactive members | 10,368,990 | 5,223,954 | 5,145,036 |
| Disability benefits likely to be paid to present active members | 1,857,92 | 2,381,288 | (523,368) |
| Death-in-service benefits likely to be paid on behalf of present active members | 7,784,339 | 3,715,213 | 4,069,126 |
| TOTAL | 431,075,348 | 77,506,316 | 353,569,032 |
| Applicable Assets (Funding Value) | 336,812,167 | - | 336,812,167 |
| Liabilities to be covered by future contributions | \$94,263,181 | \$77,506,316 | \$16,756,865 |

Required Supplementary Information

The historical trend information designed to provide information about the system's progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is required supplementary information.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

| Year Ended June 30 | Annual Required Contribution | Percentage Contributed |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| 2015 | 5,690,381 | 100 |
| 2016 | 5,561,289 | 100 |
| 2017 | 8,485,361 | 100 |
| 2018 | 8,421,173 | 100 |
| 2019 | 8,233,959 | 100 |
| 2020 | 8,572,697 | 100 |
| 2021 | 8,209,893 | 100 |
| 2022 | 8,963,459 | 100 |
| 2023 | 8,230,629 | 100 |
| 2024 | \$10,266,594 | 100% |

Schedule of the Net Pension Liability

| FY Ending June 30, | Total Pension Pension Liability | Fiduciary Net Position | Net Pension Liability | Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability | Covered Payroll | Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|---|--------------------|---|
| 2015 | 254,713,985 | 223,123,751 | 31,590,234 | 87.60 | 22,308,000 | 141.61 |
| 2016 | 260,522,178 | 215,785,569 | 44,736,609 | 82.83 | 22,308,000 | 200.54 |
| 2017 | 270,381,518 | 240,819,648 | 29,561,870 | 89.07 | 22,917,870 | 128.99 |
| 2018 | 279,174,680 | 256,508,130 | 22,666,550 | 91.88 | 23,434,705 | 96.72 |
| 2019 | 284,488,459 | 267,279,487 | 17,208,972 | 93.95 | 23,602,735 | 72.91 |
| 2020 | 296,653,578 | 280,837,139 | 15,816,439 | 94.67 | 24,586,078 | 64.33 |
| 2021 | 309,112,455 | 346,888,932 | (37,776,477) | 112.22 | 25,479,456 | (148.26) |
| 2022 | 334,328,250 | 296,855,183 | 37,473,067 | 88.79% | 26,259,112 | 142.71% |
| 2023 | 350,007,445 | 308,094,805 | 41,912,640 | 88.03% | 27,529,347 | 152.25% |
| 2024 | \$353,569,032 | \$334,690,053 | \$18,878,979 | 94.66% | \$28,123,486 | 67.13% |

Schedule of Investment Returns

Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense

| 2015 | 4.60% |
|------|---------|
| 2016 | -0.79% |
| 2017 | 12.93% |
| 2018 | 7.94% |
| 2019 | 5.72% |
| 2020 | 6.51% |
| 2021 | 25.72% |
| 2022 | -12.44% |
| 2023 | 6.54% |
| 2024 | 10.81% |



Financial

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

| Fiscal Year Ending June 30 | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY | | | |
| Service Cost | \$8,577,925 | \$8,100,878 | \$8,053,242 |
| Interest | 18,988,344 | 18,132,003 | 17,515,015 |
| Changes in Benefit Terms | - | 0 | 0 |
| Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience | (5,897,099) | 6,858,147 | (37,166) |
| Assumption Changes | - | 0 | 16,744,946 |
| Benefit Payments | (18,107,583) | (17,411,833) | (17,060,242) |
| Refunds | - | 0 | 0 |
| NET CHANGE IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY | 3,561,587 | 15,679,195 | 25,215,795 |
| TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY, BEGINNING OF YEAR | 350,007,445 | 334,328,250 | 309,112,455 |
| TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY, END OF YEAR (a) | 353,569,032 | 350,007,445 | 334,328,250 |
| PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION | | | |
| Contributions - Employer | \$10,266,594 | \$8,230,629 | 8,963,459 |
| Contributions - Employee | 1,307,899 | 1,267,952 | 1,300,942 |
| Net Investment Income | 33,277,705 | 19,323,746 | (43,073,807) |
| Benefit Payments, | (18,107,583) | (17,411,833) | (17,060,242) |
| Other | 223 | 112 | 14 |
| Refunds | - | - | 0 |
| Administrative Expense | (149,590) | (170,984) | (164,115) |
| NET CHANGE IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION | 26,595,248 | 11,239,622 | (50,033,749) |
| PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR | 308,094,805 | 296,855,183 | 346,888,932 |
| PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, END OF YEAR (b) | 334,690,053 | \$308,094,805 | 296,855,183 |
| NET PENSION LIABILITY, END OF YEAR (a) - (b) | \$18,878,979 | \$41,912,640 | \$37,473,067 |
| PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS A PERCENTAGE OF THE TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY | 94.66% | 88.03% | 88.79% |
| COVERED-EMPLOYEE PAYROLL | \$28,123,486 | \$27,529,347 | \$26,259,112 |
| NET PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED - EMPLOYEE PAYROLL | 67.13% | 152.25% | 142.71% |

| 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| \$7,197,367 | \$7,096,255 | \$6,919,400 | \$6,927,257 | \$7,221,153 | \$7,230,267 | \$5,342,168 |
| 16,822,916 | 16,175,509 | 15,877,675 | 15,378,982 | 16,121,127 | 15,770,309 | 14,883,382 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3,798,212 | 2,340,115 | (4,481,503) | (743,902) | (3,462,751) | (5,184,045) | 12,969,853 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,369,244 | 0 | 24,290,229 |
| (15,310,419) | (13,440,774) | (12,979,769) | (12,769,175) | (12,310,422) | (12,007,538) | (10,762,871) |
| (49,199) | (5,986) | (22,024) | 0 | (79,011) | (800) | (14,320) |
| 12,458,877 | 12,165,119 | 5,313,779 | 8,793,162 | 9,859,340 | 5,808,193 | 46,708,441 |
| 296,653,578 | 284,488,459 | 279,174,680 | 270,381,518 | 260,522,178 | 254,713,985 | 208,005,544 |
| 309,112,455 | 296,653,578 | 284,488,459 | 279,174,680 | 270,381,518 | 260,522,178 | 254,713,985 |
| | | | | | | |
| 8,209,893 | 8,572,697 | 8,233,959 | 8,421,173 | 8,485,361 | 5,561,289 | 5,690,381 |
| 1,117,205 | 1,138,323 | 988,612 | 1,016,180 | 1,016,646 | 1,011,372 | 946,149 |
| 72,229,450 | 17,434,154 | 14,655,787 | 19,162,603 | 28,044,374 | (1,744,085) | 9,971,823 |
| (15,310,419) | (13,440,774) | (12,979,769) | (12,769,175) | (12,310,422) | (12,007,538) | (10,762,871) |
| 13 | 1,129 | 41,854 | 11 | 45,832 | 0 | 0 |
| (49,199) | (5,986) | (22,024) | 0 | (79,011) | (800) | (14,320) |
| (145,150) | (141,891) | (147,062) | (142,311) | (168,701) | (158,420) | (137,951) |
| 66,051,793 | 13,557,652 | 10,771,357 | 15,688,482 | 25,034,079 | (7,338,182) | 5,693,211 |
| 280,837,139 | 267,279,487 | 256,508,130 | 240,819,648 | 215,785,569 | 223,123,751 | 217,430,540 |
| 346,888,932 | 280,837,139 | 267,279,487 | 256,508,130 | 240,819,648 | 215,785,569 | 223,123,751 |
| \$(37,776,477) | \$15,816,439 | \$17,208,972 | \$22,666,550 | \$29,561,870 | \$44,736,609 | \$31,590,234 |
| 112.22% | 94.67% | 93.95% | 91.88% | 89.07% | 82.83% | 87.60% |
| \$25,479,456 | \$24,586,078 | \$23,602,735 | \$23,434,639 | \$22,917,870 | \$22,308,000 | \$22,308,000 |
| (148.26%) | 64.33% | 72.91% | 96.72% | 128.99% | 200.54% | 141.61% |





Investment Overview

Investment returns play an important role in the funded ratio of the AJRS trust fund. The Board of Trustees of the Arkansas Judicial Retirement System (the Board) has adopted an Investment Policy Statement with the purpose of the exclusive benefit of the participants and beneficiaries of the system and where the objective of maximizing the total rate of return on investments within prudent risk parameters. The overall goal is to achieve an annualized rate of return which, when combined with employee and employer contributions, will meet, or exceed the benefit and administrative requirements of the system.

The System's investments are managed by professional investment management firms based upon statutory investment authority as well as the investment policies adopted by the Board. The investment staff coordinates and monitors the investment of the trust fund's assets and assists in the formulation and implementation of investment policies and long-term investment strategy.

The net investment portfolio fair values shown in this section, and used for the basis of calculating investment returns, may differ from those shown in other sections of this report. The values shown in this section are the appropriate industry standard basis for investment return calculation.

Asset Allocation and Diversification

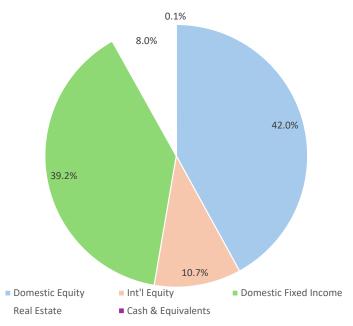
Asset allocation is a process which is designed to construct an optimal long-term asset mix which achieves a specific set of investment objectives. The Investment Policy Statement establishes the System's asset allocation policy as designed to meet those objectives.

The System's asset allocation policy has been adopted to provide diversification. The goal is to maximize the investment return as well as to be consistent with prudent levels of market and economic risks. The most important decision is the determination of asset allocation targets.

The pie chart illustrates the actual asset allocation to each type of investment as of the fiscal year end.

Summary of Investments by Asset Class

as of June 30, 2024



Due to rounding, chart may not equal 100%

Risk is further diversified by utilizing active and passive management as well as by retaining multiple investment management firms with varying investment styles.

The System also places restrictions on the investment managers. AJRS has investment guidelines that manage the risk of high concentrations in a particular sector, industry, or security.

Capital Markets Commentary

The System posted a return of 11.23%. Domestic Equity posted a 24.01% return for the fiscal year. International Equity posted a 2.61% return. Fixed Income posted a 6.82% return. Real Estate posted a (10.49%) return.

Investment Portfolio Assets

At the close of FY 2024, AJRS' investment portfolio had a fair value of \$334.827 million which was an increase of \$26.419 million from the \$308.408 million investment value from June 30, 2023.

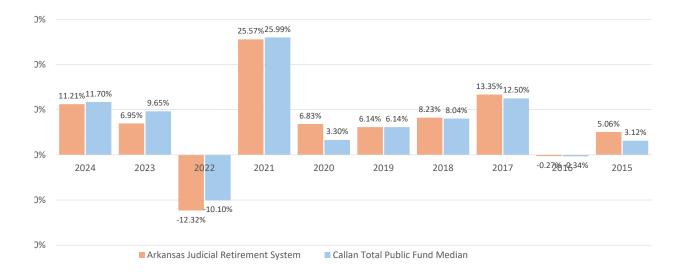
Investment Results

For the fiscal year AJRS realized a total portfolio investment return of +11.23%. The return outperformed the 10.31% return of AJRS' policy benchmark, a set of market indexes and weightings to those indexes that reflect AJRS' asset class targets. Outperformance was aided by active investment management, especially in the international equity allocation.

AJRS' +11.23% return exceeded the actuarial assumed rate of return of 5.50%.

The following graphs and tables provide a historical perspective of AJRS' investment returns and performance over the past few years. AJRS' investment returns are shown for the total portfolio as well as for each asset class over various time periods. The benchmark or target for each asset class is also shown.

Investment Performance Summary



Domestic Equity

AAs of June 30, 2024, 42% of AJRS' portfolio was invested in domestic equities (U.S. stocks). The fair value of the domestic equity portfolio was \$140.58 million.

The portfolio takes an active management approach to the U.S. stock markets with 66% invested with active investment managers.

The passive component is was primarily an S&P 500 Index fund and an Large Cap Growth Index Fund. It constitutes an efficient, low-cost means of obtaining market exposure and provides liquidity should it be needed for benefit payments.

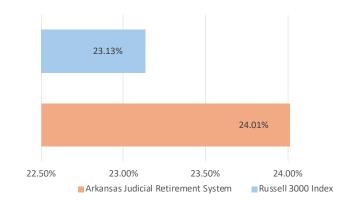
AJRS utilizes active management in small, mid, and large capitalization stock strategies. The portfolio is also invested in strategies that focus on different investment styles: a value portfolio which focuses on companies undervalued relative to their prospective dividend and earnings growth; a growth portfolio which focuses on companies whose earnings are expected to grow at rates which exceed the general economy; and a core portfolio which seeks to add value across all sectors through stock selection.

Top 10 Holdings - Domestic Equity

| | Market Value |
|------------------------|--------------|
| JPMORGAN CHASE & CO | \$ 1,551,536 |
| WALMART INC | 1,355,419 |
| ALPHABET INC | 1,188,802 |
| BERKSHIRE HATHAWAY INC | 1,170,160 |
| MORGAN STANLEY | 1,056,601 |
| ORACLE CORP | 865,838 |
| WELLS FARGO & CO | 628,613 |
| UNITEDHEALTH GROUP INC | 617,987 |
| CENCORA INC | 563,475 |
| AUTOZONE INC | 540,948 |

Results

The domestic equity portfolio returned 24.01% for the fiscal year. AJRS' benchmark, the Russell 3000 Index, returned 23.13%.



International Equity

As of June 30, 2024, 10.7% of AJRS' portfolio was invested in international equities (Non-U.S. stocks). The fair value of the international equity portfolio was \$35.896 million.

The portfolio takes an active management approach to international markets with 100% invested with an active investment manager. The international portfolio assets are allocated across developed and emerging markets. AJRS utilizes the MSCI EAFE (Europe, Asian, and Far East) Index as its benchmark for the international equity index.

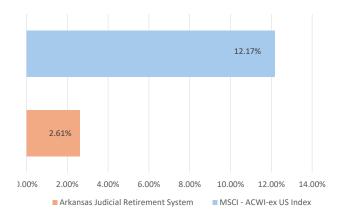
Top 10 Holdings - International Equity

| | Market Value |
|----------------------------|--------------|
| TAIWAN SEMICON.SPN.ADR 1:5 | 21,103,315 |
| ASML HOLDING | 12,321,006 |
| ATLAS COPCO 'B' | 8,717,900 |
| UNITED OVERSEAS BANK | 8,222,874 |
| INVESTOR 'B' | 7,978,596 |
| AUTO TRADER GROUP | 7,680,788 |
| MERCADOLIBRE | 7,069,907 |
| EXPERIAN | 6,739,974 |
| RICHEMONT N | 6,608,107 |
| LONZA GROUP | 5,753,168 |

Investments

Results

The international equity portfolio returned 2.61% for the fiscal year. AJRS' benchmark, the MSCI EAFE Index, returned 12.17%.



Fixed Income

As of June 30, 2024, 39.9% of AJRS' portfolio was invested in fixed income securities. The fair value of the international equity portfolio was \$123.2 million.

Top 10 Holdings - Fixed Income

| Fixed Income Holdings | | Market Value |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| U S TREASURY BOND | 4.625% 05/15/2044 | 2,099,902 |
| U S TREASURY BOND | 4.625% 05/15/2054 | 1,331,100 |
| U S TREASURY NOTE | 4.500% 04/15/2027 | 846,373 |
| FHLMC POOL #SD-3770 | 2.500% 03/01/2052 | 758,574 |
| GNMA II POOL #0MA7650 | 0.000, 20, 20, 200 | 500,817 |
| GNMA GTD REMIC P/T 21-97 FA | VAR RT 06/20/2051 | 455,236 |
| FNMA POOL #0FS7645 | 4.500% 01/01/2054 | 451,036 |
| U S TREASURY NOTE | 4.625% 04/30/2029 | 427,616 |
| FNMA POOL #0FS4723 | 2.500% 11/01/2051 | 401,645 |
| FNMA POOL#0FM7418 | 2.500% 06/01/2051 | 385,700 |

Results

The fixed income portfolio returned 6.82% for the fiscal year. AJRS' benchmark, the Bloomberg Aggregate Index, returned 2.63%.

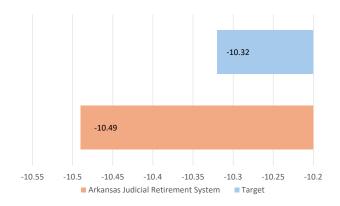


Real Estate

As of June 30, 2024, 8% of AJRS' portfolio was invested in real assets. The fair value of the portfolio was \$26.67 million.

Results

The Real Estate portfolio returned -10.49% for the fiscal year. AJRS' target returned -10.32% which is not a benchmark because a benchmark does not exist.



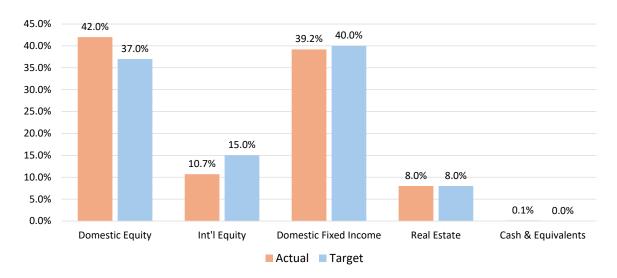
Asset Allocation: Actual vs Target

AJRS' actual asset allocation is within the target range set by its investment policy. This target should be confirmed based on AJRS' ongoing asset allocation discussions. The comparison of the current target allocation with the actual allocation is as follows:

| Asset Class | Dollars* Actual | Weight Actual | Target | Percentage Difference | Dollars* Difference |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Domestic Equity | 140,585 | 42.0% | 37.0% | 5.0% | \$ 4,165 |
| Int'l Equity | 35,896 | 10.7% | 15.0% | -4.3% | (9,557) |
| Domestic Fixed Income | 131,199 | 39.2% | 40.0% | -0.8% | (166) |
| Real Estate | 26,666 | 8.0% | 8.0% | 0.0% | 5,236 |
| Cash & Equivalents | 481 | 0.1% | 0.0% | 0.1% | \$ 322 |
| Total | 334,827 | 100.0% | 100.0% | | |

^{*}Dollars in thousands.

Total asset class does not include cash at local bank and non-investment receivables. Totals may not add due to rounding.



Manager Distribution

(as of June 30, 2024)

| (us of June 30, 2024) | | | | N/Lowlend Melico | Davasatasa |
|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| Asset Allocation | | | Strategy | Market Value (\$ Thousands) | Percentage of Total |
| Domestic Equity | | | | (\$ Tilousalius) | or rotar |
| 4, | | Aristotle Capital | Small Cap Equity | \$19,440,854 | 5.81% |
| | | Boston Partners | Value Equity | \$67,068,908 | 20.03% |
| | | BNYM Large Cap Growth | Growth Equity | \$54,075,021 | 16.15% |
| | | | | \$140,584,783 | |
| International Equity | | Baillie Gifford Int'l Choice Fund | International Equity | \$35,896,157 | 10.72% |
| Domestic Fixed Income | | MacKay Shields LLC | Core Plus Fixed Income | \$131,199,470 | 39.18% |
| Real Estate | | Invesco Core Real Estate | Core Real Estate | \$26,666,057 | 7.96% |
| Cash & Equivalents | AJRS General Fund | Short Term Investments = | | \$480,554 \$334,827,021 | 0.14% |

Schedule of Comparative Investment Results by Year

(for the years ended June 30)

| ()) | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|-------|----------|---------|--------|-------|---------|---------|---------|
| | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 |
| Total Fund | | | | | | | | | |
| Arkansas Judicial Retirement System | 11.21 | 6.95 | (12.32)% | 25.57% | 6.83% | 6.14% | 8.23% | 13.35% | (0.27)% |
| Callan Total Public Fund Median | 11.70 | 9.65 | (10.10) | 25.99 | 3.30 | 6.14 | 8.04 | 12.50 | 0.34 |
| Equities | | | , , | | | | | | |
| Arkansas Judicial Retirement System | 24.01 | 17.08 | (11.77) | 46.84 | 4.92 | 6.19 | 15.72 | 19.99 | (1.81) |
| Callan Total Equity Database Median | 20.98 | 18.38 | (13.30) | 44.60 | 3.07 | 7.74 | 15.36 | 18.92 | 1.01 |
| Russell 3000 Index | 23.13 | 18.95 | (13.87) | 44.16 | 6.53 | 8.98 | 14.78 | 18.51 | 2.14 |
| International Equities | | | | | | | | | |
| Arkansas Judicial Retirement System | 2.61 | 14.19 | (35.65) | 39.46 | 12.48 | 0.35 | 9.12 | 25.17 | (12.15 |
| Callan Total Non-US Equities Database Median | 11.15 | 14.63 | (19.04) | 36.81 | (2.48) | 0.50 | 8.23 | 20.73 | (8.88) |
| MSCI - ACWI-ex US Index | 12.17 | 13.33 | (19.01) | 36.29 | (4.39) | 1.80 | 7.79 | 20.27 | (10.16) |
| Fixed Income | | | , , | | | | | | , |
| Arkansas Judicial Retirement System | 6.82 | 0.82 | (12.08) | 5.14 | 8.20 | 8.31 | 0.29 | 3.90 | 3.92 |
| Callan Total Fixed Income Database Median | 4.31 | 0.42 | (9.26) | 1.08 | 8.37 | 7.54 | (0.12) | 1.09 | 4.87 |
| Bloomberg Aggregate Index | 2.63 | -0.94 | (10.29)% | (0.33)% | 8.74% | 7.87% | (0.40)% | (0.31)% | 6.00% |

Schedule of Comparative Annualized Investment Results

(for the years ended June 30)

| | 2024 | 3 Year Annual- ized | 5 Year Annualized |
|---|-------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Total Fund | | 1200 | |
| Arkansas Judicial Retirement System | 11.21 | 1.41% | 7.06% |
| Equities | | | |
| Arkansas Judicial Retirement System | 24.01 | 8.61% | 14.57% |
| Callan Total Equity Database Median | 20.98 | 7.71% | 13.43% |
| Russell 3000 Index | 23.13 | 8.05% | 14.14% |
| International Equities | | | |
| Arkansas Judicial Retirement System | 2.61 | -8.98% | 3.41% |
| Callan Total Non-US Equities Database | 11.15 | 2.10% | 7.10% |
| Median MSCI - ACWI-ex US Index | 12.17 | 0.97% | 6.05% |
| Fixed Income | 12.17 | 0.5770 | 0.0370 |
| Arkansas Judicial Retirement System | 6.82 | -1.80% | 1.50% |
| Callan Total Fixed Income Database Median | 4.31 | -2.33% | 0.91% |
| Bloomberg Aggregate Index | 2.63 | -3.02% | -0.23% |

Schedule of Brokerage Commissions

(for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024)

| Comn | nission |
|--|---------|
| 0.7.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000 | |
| CITIGROUP GLOBAL MARKETS INC., NEW YORK \$ | 8,354 |
| NATIONAL FINL SVCS CORP, NEW YORK | 3,798 |
| MORGAN STANLEY AND CO., LLC, NEW YORK | 3,589 |
| GOLDMAN SACHS & CO, NY | 3,195 |
| RBC CAPITAL MARKETS LLC, NEW YORK | 3,007 |
| J.P. MORGAN SECURITIES LLC, NEW YORK | 2,348 |
| MERRILL LYNCH PIERCE FENNER SMITH INC NY | 2,069 |
| UBS SECURITIES LLC, STAMFORD | 1,782 |
| PERSHING LLC, JERSEY CITY | 1,768 |
| KEYBANC CAPITAL MARKETS INC, NEW YORK | 575 |
| JEFFERIES & CO INC, NEW YORK | 406 |
| RAYMOND JAMES & ASSOC INC, ST PETERSBURG | 403 |
| OPPENHEIMER & CO INC, NEW YORK | 392 |
| MACQUARIE CAPITAL (USA) INC., NEW YORK | 354 |
| WILLIAM BLAIR & CO, CHICAGO | 340 |
| BARCLAYS CAPITAL INC, WHIPPANY | 329 |
| BAIRD, ROBERT W & CO INC, MILWAUKEE | 301 |
| KEEFE BRUYETTE + WOODS INC, NEW YORK | 239 |
| WELLS FARGO SECURITIES, LLC, NEW YORK | 232 |
| ISI GROUP INC, NEW YORK | 228 |
| others (24 brokerage firms) | 1,578 |
| \$ 3 | 5,287 |

Investments

Schedule of Investment Managers

Aristotle Capital Boston

Boston, MA 02110

Baillie Gifford

Edinburgh, Scotland

Boston Partners

Boston, MA 02108

Invesco Real Estate

Dallas, TX 75240

MacKay Shields

New York, NY 10105

Mellon Capital

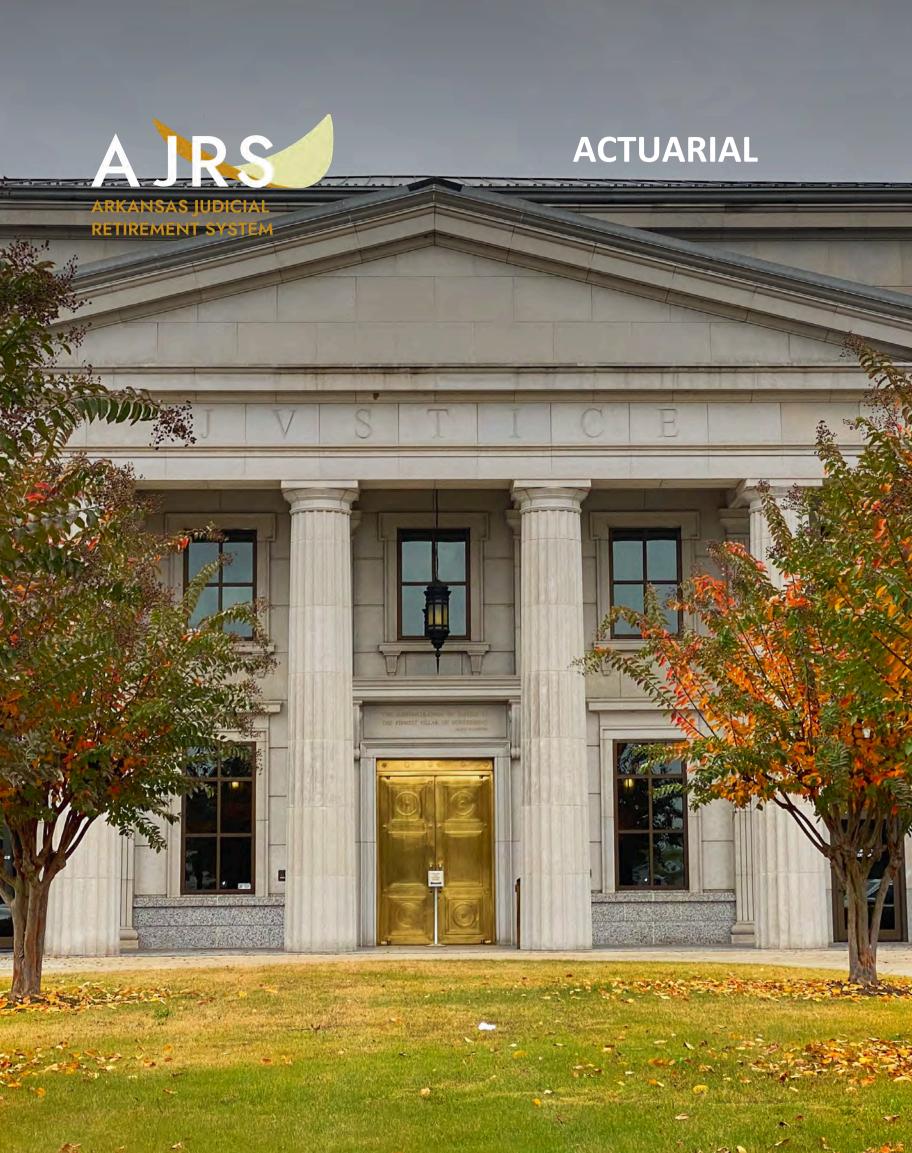
Pittsburgh, PA 15258

Schedule of Investment Manager Fees

(for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024)

| Investment Manager | Market Value | Fee | Basis Points |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| Equities | | | |
| Aristotle Capital | \$19,440,854 | 150,729 | 0.80 |
| BNYM Large Cap Growth | 54,075,021 | 19,591 | 0.04 |
| Boston Partners | 67,068,908 | 324,242 | 0.58 |
| Fixed Income | | | |
| MacKay Shields LLC | 131,199,470 | 380,344 | 0.30 |
| Real Estate | | | |
| Invesco Real Estate (Core) | 26,666,057 | 105,771 | 0.80 |
| International Equities | | | |
| Baillie Gifford | 35,896,157 | 129,961 | 0.53 |
| Total Investment Manager Fees | | 1,110,638 | _ |
| Other Services | | | |
| Bank of New York Mellon (Custodian) | | 26,708 | |
| Callan Associates (Consultant) | | 78,235 | |
| Total Other Services | | 104,943 | - |
| Total Investment Fees | | \$1,215,581 | - |
| | | | = |







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November 1, 2024

Board of Trustees Arkansas Judicial Retirement System Little Rock, Arkansas

Dear Board Members:

The basic financial objective of the Arkansas Judicial Retirement System (AJRS) as provided in the Arkansas Code is to establish and receive contributions which, expressed as percents of active member payroll, will remain approximately level from generation to generation of Arkansas citizens and when combined with present assets and future investment return will be sufficient to meet the financial obligations of AJRS to present and future benefit recipients. The progress towards meeting this financial objective is illustrated in the Schedule of Funding Progress and the Schedule of Employer Contributions.

We performed an actuarial valuation and issued an actuarial valuation report for AJRS as of June 30, 2024. The purpose of the June 30, 2024 annual actuarial valuation was to determine the contribution requirement for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026 and to measure the System's funding progress. The actuarial valuation report should not be relied upon for any other purpose. The valuation process develops contribution rates that are sufficient to fund the plan's normal cost (i.e., the cost assigned by the valuation method to the year of service about to be rendered) as well as to fund unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities as a level percent of active member payroll over a period of up to 30 years. The most recent valuations were completed based upon population data, asset data, and plan provisions as of June 30, 2024. In addition, a separate report was issued (dated October 31, 2024) to provide actuarial information for GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68.

The AJRS administrative staff provides the actuary with data for the actuarial valuation. The actuary relies on the data after reviewing it for internal and year-to-year consistency. The actuary summarizes and tabulates population data in order to analyze longer term trends. We are not responsible for the accuracy and completeness of the information provided by the administrative staff.

The actuarial valuation report and GASB Statement No. 67 and No. 68 report contain the following supporting schedules for use in the Actuarial and Financial Sections of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Actuarial Section

Summary of Assumptions Used
Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions
Active Member Valuation Data
Short Condition Test
Analysis of Financial Experience
Analysis of Financial Experience – Gains and Losses by Risk Area

One Towne Square | Suite 800 | Southfield, Michigan 48076-372

Board of Trustees Arkansas Judicial Retirement System November 1, 2024 Page 2

Financial Section

Schedule of Funding Progress
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
Schedule of the Net Pension Liability
Schedule of Contributions
Notes to Schedule of Contributions

For actuarial valuation purposes, assets are valued on a market related basis that recognizes each year's difference between actual and assumed investment return over a closed four-year period.

Actuarial valuations are based upon assumptions regarding future activity in specific risk areas, including the rates of investment return and payroll growth, eligibility for the various classes of benefits, and longevity among retired lives. These assumptions are adopted by the Board after considering the advice of the actuary and other professionals. The actuarial assumptions used for the valuation produce results which, individually and in the aggregate, are reasonable. The combined effect of the assumptions, excluding prescribed assumptions or methods set by law, is expected to have no significant bias (i.e., not significantly optimistic or pessimistic). The assumptions and the methods comply with the requirements of the Actuarial Standards of Practice. Each actuarial valuation takes into account all prior differences between actual and assumed experience in each risk area and adjusts the contribution rates as needed. The June 30, 2024 valuation was based upon assumptions that were recommended in connection with a study of experience through the period 2016-2021.

On the basis of the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation and the benefits and contribution rates then in effect, it is our opinion that the Arkansas Judicial Retirement System is satisfying the general financial objective of level-percent-of-payroll financing.

We have assessed that the contribution rate calculated under the current funding policy is a reasonable Actuarially Determined Employer Contribution (ADEC) and it is consistent with the plan accumulating adequate assets to make benefit payments when due.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from those presented in the annual valuations due to such factors as experience differing from that anticipated by actuarial assumptions, or changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions/methods or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of the assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements.

The reports were prepared using our proprietary valuation model and related software which, in our professional judgment, has the capability to provide results that are consistent with the purposes of the valuation, and has no material limitations or known weaknesses. We performed tests to ensure that the model reasonably represents that which is intended to be modeled.



Board of Trustees Arkansas Judicial Retirement System November 1, 2024 Page 3

The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor.

Mita D. Drazilov and Heidi G. Barry are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA) and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein.

Respectfully submitted, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company

Mita D. Drazilov, ASA, FCA, MAAA

Heidi G. Barry, ASA, FCA, MAAA

MDD/HGB:rmn



Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Economic Assumptions

The investment return rate used in making the valuation was 5.50% per year, compounded annually (net after investment expenses). Adopted 2022.

Pay increase assumptions for individual active members are shown on page D-3. Part of the assumption for each age is for a merit and/or seniority increase, and the other 3.25% recognizes wage inflation. This wage inflation assumption consists of 2.50% for price inflation and 0.75% for real wage growth. Adopted 2015 and readopted 2022.

Total active member payroll is assumed to increase 3.25% a year, which is the portion of the individual pay increase assumptions recognizing inflation.

The number of active members is assumed to continue at the present number.

Non-Economic Assumptions

The healthy retiree mortality tables, for postretirement mortality, used in evaluating allowances to be paid were the PubG-2010 Above-Median Income Retiree Mortality tables for healthy retirees. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, used in evaluating allowances to be paid were the PubG-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality tables for disabled retirees. The pre-retirement mortality tables used was 175% of the PubG-2010 Employee Mortality tables for active mortality experience. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2021 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables. Related values are shown on pages D-3 (pre-retirement) and D-5 (post-retirement). Adopted 2022.

The probabilities of retirement for members eligible to retire are shown on page D-4. Adopted 2017.

The probabilities of withdrawal from service are shown for sample ages on page D-3. Adopted 2022.

The probabilities of disability are shown for sample ages on page D-3. Adopted 2017.

Normal Cost and the allocation of benefit values between service rendered before and after the valuation date was determined using an individual entry-age actuarial cost method having the following characteristics.

The annual normal cost for each individual active member, payable from the date of employment to the date of retirement, is sufficient to accumulate the value of the member's benefit at the time of retirement; and

Each annual normal cost is a constant percentage of the member's year-by-year projected covered pay.

The normal cost, the present value of future normal cost and the present value of benefits are based on the benefit levels available to each member. The accrued liability is the difference between the present value of benefits and the present value of future normal cost.

Funding value of assets (cash and investments) was determined by phasing-in differences between actual market return and the assumed rate of return over a four-year period.

The data about persons now covered and about present assets was furnished by the system's administrative staff. Although examined for general reasonableness, the data was not audited by the actuary.

The actuarial valuation computations were made by or under the supervision of a Member of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA).

^{*}The data referenced in this section is taken from the actuary's report, *Arkansas Judicial Retirement System Actuarial Valuation and Experience Gain/(Loss) Analysis June 30, 2022*, prepared by Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co. Unless otherwise noted, page number citations refer to that report. A PDF copy of the report is available for download at www.apers.org.

Supplementary Information

- -

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest valuation date follows:

| Valuation Date | June 30, 2024 |
|---|---|
| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry Age |
| Amortization Method | Level Percent-of-Payroll |
| Remaining Amortization Period | Variable, please refer to page A-3 |
| Asset Valuation Method | 4-year smoothed market with 25% corridor |
| Actuarial Assumptions: Investment Rate of Return Projected Salary Increases Including Price Inflation at Cost-of-Living Adjustments | 5.50% 3.25% 2.50% Pre-July 1, 1983 Retirees: Increased with increases in active Judges pay. Post-June 30, 1983 Retirees: 3.0%, Compound. |
| Retirees and beneficiaries red | ceiving benefits 179 |
| Terminated plan members en not yet receiving benefits | titled to but 13 |
| Active plan members | <u>145</u> |
| Total | 337 |

Actuarial Data

Single Life Retirement Values

(as of June 30, 2024)

| | | | Present | Value of | | |
|----------|---------|---------|--------------|-------------|----------|------------|
| Attained | Percen | t Dying | \$1 Month | ly for Life | Futur | e Life |
| Age in | Next | Year | Increasing 3 | 8% Annually | Expectan | cy (Years) |
| 2024 | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women |
| | | | _ | | | |
| 50 | 0.2521% | 0.1916% | \$252.14 | \$261.63 | 36.35 | 38.77 |
| 55 | 0.3658% | 0.2676% | 232.83 | 243.61 | 31.44 | 33.78 |
| 60 | 0.5599% | 0.3801% | 210.74 | 222.56 | 26.67 | 28.90 |
| 65 | 0.8194% | 0.5629% | 186.03 | 198.40 | 22.10 | 24.15 |
| 70 | 1.2684% | 0.8947% | 158.80 | 171.32 | 17.76 | 19.59 |
| 75 | 2.1379% | 1.5797% | 129.97 | 142.04 | 13.74 | 15.32 |
| 80 | 3.8739% | 2.9315% | 101.16 | 112.12 | 10.16 | 11.46 |
| | | | | | | |

Probabilities of death are for calendar year 2024.

| Sample Attained | \$100 Benefit | | Age 65 Lives till Alive | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|------|----------------------------|--|--|
| Ages | Increasing 3% Annually | Men | Women | | |
| | | | | | |
| 65 | \$100.00 | 100% | 100% | | |
| 70 | 115.93 | 95% | 97% | | |
| 75 | 134.39 | 88% | 92% | | |
| 80 | 155.80 | 78% | 84% | | |
| 85 | 180.61 | 63% | 71% | | |
| | | | | | |

Decrement and Pay Increase Assumptions for Active Members

(as of June 30, 2024)

| | | | Percent of | | | | | | |
|--------|----------|-------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|-----------------------|--------------|-----------|
| | | | Active | Members S | eparating | | Pay In | crease Assum | ptions |
| 2024 | | | Wit | hin the Nex | t Year | | for Individual Member | | |
| Sample | Years of | M | ale | Fen | nale | | Merit & | Base | Increase |
| Ages | Service | Death | Disability | Death | Disability | Withdrawal | Seniority | (Economic) | Next Year |
| | 0 | | | | | 15.00% | | | |
| | 1 | | | | | 15.00% | | | |
| | 2 | | | | | 15.00% | | | |
| | 3 | | | | | 10.00% | | | |
| | 4 | | | | | 10.00% | | | |
| 30 | 5+ | 0.09% | 0.04% | 0.04% | 0.05% | 1.00% | 0.00% | 3.25% | 3.25% |
| 35 | | 0.13% | 0.04% | 0.06% | 0.05% | 1.00% | 0.00% | 3.25% | 3.25% |
| 40 | | 0.16% | 0.10% | 0.08% | 0.18% | 1.00% | 0.00% | 3.25% | 3.25% |
| 45 | | 0.19% | 0.13% | 0.10% | 0.20% | 1.00% | 0.00% | 3.25% | 3.25% |
| 50 | | 0.25% | 0.25% | 0.13% | 0.28% | 1.00% | 0.00% | 3.25% | 3.25% |
| 55 | | 0.36% | 0.45% | 0.21% | 0.38% | 1.00% | 0.00% | 3.25% | 3.25% |
| 60 | | 0.57% | 0.71% | 0.33% | 0.51% | 1.00% | 0.00% | 3.25% | 3.25% |
| 65 | | 0.82% | 0.83% | 0.49% | 0.62% | 1.00% | 0.00% | 3.25% | 3.25% |
| | | | | | | | | | |

The pay increase assumptions are age based only, and not service based. Probabilities of death are for calendar year 2024.

Probabilities of Retirement for Members Eligible to Retire

(as of June 30, 2024)

| Retirement Ages | Percent of Eligible Active Members Electing Early Retirement Within Next Year |
|--------------------|---|
| 62 | 2% |
| 63 | 2% |
| 64 | 2% |

Normal Retirement

- 1) For ages under 70, a 4% probability of retirement is used.
- 2) For ages 70 and over,
 - a. If the future year of consideration is an odd year, then a 4% probability of retirement is used
 - b. If the future year of consideration is an even year,
 - i. For members under the age of 76, a 33% probability of retirement is used.
 - ii. For members ages 76 or older, a 100% probability of retirement is used.

For Tier One, a member was assumed eligible to retire at age 50 with 20 years of service, or at age 65 with 10 years of service. A member was assumed eligible to retire early at age 62 with 14 years of service.

For Tier Two, a member was assumed eligible to retire at age 50 with 20 years of service, or at age 65 with 8 years of service. A member was assumed eligible to retire early at age 62 with 8 years of service.

Computed Employer Contribution Rates

(as of June 30)

| Valuation | A | Active Members in Valuation | | | | Computed |
|-----------|--------|-----------------------------|---------|----------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| Date | | Average | Average | es in Years | Financing | Employer |
| June 30 | Number | Pay | Age | Service [@] | Period | Contribution Rate |
| 2015 # | 139 | 160,489 | 58.6 | 16.4 | 28 | 37.99% |
| 2016 | 139 | 160,489 | 59.5 | 17.0 | 27 | 37.37% |
| 2017# | 140 | 163,699 | 59.0 | 16.1 | 15/20 | 35.87% |
| 2018 | 139 | 168,595 | 60.0 | 16.9 | & | 35.90% |
| 2019 | 140 | 168,591 | 60.5 | 17.8 | & | 34.85% |
| 2020 | 142 | 173,141 | 60.9 | 17.9 | & | 34.34% |
| 2021 | 145 | 175,720 | 57.3 | 12.9 | & | 31.86% |
| 2022# | 145 | 181,097 | 58.3 | 13.7 | & | 36.15% |
| 2023 | 142 | 193,869 | 58.1 | 15.1 | & | 37.54% |
| 2024 | 145 | 193,955 | 58.7 | 15.9 | & | 34.03% |

⁽a) After changes in benefit provisions.

Employer contributions are the total of all types of revenue to the System except member contributions by payroll deduction and investment return. Employer contributions include court fees and Act 922 transfers.

[#] Revised actuarial assumptions and/or methods.

^{*} Retirement System was fully funded.

[@] Includes reciprocal service for Tier One members on and after June 30, 2006 and Tier Two members on and after June 30, 2009.

[&]amp; Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities are amortized as described on page A-3.

Retirees and Beneficiaries by Attained Age

(as of June 30, 2024)

| | | | | Survivor | | | |
|--------------|-----|----------------|-----|--------------|-------|---------------|--|
| | | Retirees | R | eneficiaries | Total | | |
| Attained | | Annual | | Annual | | Annual | |
| Age | No. | Allowances | No. | Allowances | No. | Allowances | |
| Under 50 | | \$ - | | \$ - | | \$ - | |
| 55 | | ļ [*] | 1 | 56,376 | 1 | 56,376 | |
| 60 | | | 1 | 92,256 | 1 | 92,256 | |
| 61 | 2 | 61,476 | _ | 32,233 | 2 | 61,476 | |
| 62 | 1 | 19,944 | | | 1 | 19,944 | |
| 63 | 1 | 162,816 | | | 1 | 162,816 | |
| 64 | 2 | 190,584 | 1 | 56,216 | 3 | 246,800 | |
| 65 | | | 1 | 43,932 | 1 | 43,932 | |
| 66 | | | 4 | 354,852 | 4 | 354,852 | |
| 68 | 3 | 297,156 | 2 | 143,352 | 5 | 440,508 | |
| 69 | 5 | 589,092 | 1 | 67,188 | 6 | 656,280 | |
| 70 | 3 | 353,928 | _ | 1,25 | 3 | 353,928 | |
| 71 | 7 | 607,212 | 1 | 8,856 | 8 | 616,068 | |
| 72 | 5 | 471,972 | | ,,,,,, | 5 | 471,972 | |
| 73 | 8 | 1,017,264 | 4 | 337,008 | 12 | 1,354,272 | |
| 74 | 8 | 936,096 | 1 | 81,468 | 9 | 1,017,564 | |
| 75 | 10 | 1,122,408 | 2 | 199,752 | 12 | 1,322,160 | |
| 76 | 11 | 1,323,744 | 2 | 205,020 | 13 | 1,528,764 | |
| 77 | 5 | 623,832 | 3 | 283,560 | 8 | 907,392 | |
| 78 | 8 | 990,936 | | | 8 | 990,936 | |
| 79 | 6 | 670,512 | 6 | 524,580 | 12 | 1,195,092 | |
| 80 | 6 | 583,872 | 2 | 139,512 | 8 | 723,384 | |
| 81 | 9 | 874,032 | 2 | 157,236 | 11 | 1,031,268 | |
| 82 | 4 | 545,952 | 2 | 174,420 | 6 | 720,372 | |
| 83 | 4 | 540,984 | 2 | 157,140 | 6 | 698,124 | |
| 84 | 2 | 147,996 | 2 | 192,864 | 4 | 340,860 | |
| 85 | 4 | 447,312 | 2 | 176,616 | 6 | 623,928 | |
| 86 | 3 | 431,664 | 1 | 80,640 | 4 | 512,304 | |
| 87 | 3 | 285,204 | 1 | 82,164 | 4 | 367,368 | |
| 88 | 2 | 234,132 | 2 | 175,908 | 4 | 410,040 | |
| 89 | 3 | 315,456 | 1 | 90,696 | 4 | 406,152 | |
| 90 | | | 1 | 77,544 | 1 | 77,544 | |
| 94 | 1 | 114,588 | | | 1 | 114,588 | |
| 95 | | | 1 | 77,544 | 1 | 77,544 | |
| 96 | 1 | 115,740 | | | 1 | 115,740 | |
| 97 | | | 1 | 81,852 | 1 | 81,852 | |
| 98 | | | 1 | 77,544 | 1 | 77,544 | |
| 99 | | | 1 | 79,428 | 1 | 79,428 | |
| 100 and Over | | | | | | | |
| TOTALS | 127 | \$ 14,075,904 | 52 | \$ 4,275,524 | 179 | \$ 18,351,428 | |

Actuarial

Active Tier One Members by Attained Age and Years of Service

(as of June 30, 2024)

| | Years of Benefit Service to Valuation Date | | | | | | | | Tota | als |
|----------|--|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|-----|------|----------|
| Attained | | | | | | | | | ٧ | aluation |
| Age | 0-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30 Plus | No. | | Payroll |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 61 | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | \$ | 192,918 |
| 62 | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | 192,918 |
| 63 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 64 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 65 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 66 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 67 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 68 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 69 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 70 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 71 | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | 192,918 |
| 72 | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| 73 | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | 219,902 |
| 74 | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | 197,596 |
| | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| Totals | | | | | | 2 | 3 | 5 | \$ | 996,252 |

| | | Ave | erages (in y | ears) | _ |
|----------|-----|------|--------------|-------------|--------------------|
| | | | Benefit | Eligibility | |
| Group | No. | Age | Service | Service | Average Pay |
| Tier One | 5 | 68.2 | 31.4 | 33.3 | \$199,250 |

Active Tier Two Members by Attained Age and Years of Service

(as of June 30, 2024

| | | Years | of Benefit | Service to | Valuatio | n Date | | Totals | |
|----------|-----|-------|------------|------------|----------|--------|---------|--------|---------------|
| Attained | | | | | | | | | Valuation |
| Age | 0-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30 Plus | No. | Payroll |
| 35-39 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | 2 | \$ 385,836 |
| 40-44 | 4 | 3 | | 1 | | | | 8 | 1,543,344 |
| 45-49 | 5 | 5 | | 2 | 1 | | | 13 | 2,507,934 |
| 50-54 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 6 | 1 | | 20 | 3,907,529 |
| 55-59 | 10 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 31 | 6,000,521 |
| 60 | 3 | | 1 | | 1 | 1 | | 6 | 1,157,508 |
| 61 | 2 | | 1 | | 2 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 1,554,051 |
| 62 | | | | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 964,590 |
| 63 | 1 | | | | 1 | | 1 | 3 | 578,754 |
| 64 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 2 | 6 | 1,166,864 |
| 65 | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | 197,596 |
| 66 | | 1 | | | 1 | | 1 | 3 | 578,754 |
| 67 | 3 | | | | 2 | | | 5 | 975,297 |
| 68 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 2 | 2 | 8 | 1,552,700 |
| 69 | | | | | 1 | 1 | | 2 | 385,836 |
| 70 | | | | | 2 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 964,590 |
| 71 | 1 | 2 | | | | | | 3 | 578,754 |
| 72 | | 1 | 2 | 1 | | | | 4 | 771,672 |
| 73 | | 1 | | | 1 | | 1 | 3 | 583,432 |
| 74 | 1 | | 1 | | | | | 2 | 385,836 |
| 75 | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | 192,918 |
| 76 | | | | | | | | | |
| 77 | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | 192,918 |
| Totals | 37 | 19 | 14 | 18 | 21 | 17 | 14 | 140 | \$ 27,127,234 |

| | | Ave | erages (in y | ears) | _ |
|----------|-----|------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| | | | Benefit | Eligibility | |
| Group | No. | Age | Service | Service | Average Pay |
| Tier Two | 140 | 58.4 | 9.3 | 15.3 | \$193,766 |

Actuarial Analysis

Short Condition Test

(as of June 30, 2024)

AJRS' funding objective is to meet long-term benefit promises through contributions that remain approximately level from year-to-year as a percent of member payroll. If the contributions to the system are level in concept and soundly executed, the system will pay all promised benefits when due — the ultimate test of financial soundness. Testing for level contribution rates is the long-term test.

A short condition test is one means of checking a system's progress under its funding program. In a short condition test, the plan's present assets (cash and investments) are compared with

- member accumulated contributions
- the liabilities for future benefits to present retired lives

 the employer financed portion of liabilities for service already rendered by non-retired members.

In a system that has been following the discipline of level percent-of-payroll financing, active member contributions (liability 1) and the liabilities for future benefits to present retired lives (liability 2) will be fully covered by present assets. In addition, the liabilities for service already rendered by active members (liability 3) will be partially covered by the remainder of present assets. The larger the funded portion of liability 3, the stronger the condition of the system.

Short Condition Test: Ten-Year Comparative Statement

(as of June 30)

| | Entry | y Age Accru | ed Liability | | | | | | |
|-----------|---------|-------------|----------------------|---------|------|----------|----------|-------|--------|
| | (1) | (2) | (3) | | | | | | |
| | | | Active Member | | P | ortion o | f Preser | nt | |
| Valuation | Active | Retirees | (Employer | | V | alues Co | vered b | у | Market |
| Date | Members | and | Financed | Present | | Present | t Assets | | Value |
| June 30 | Contr. | Benef. | Portion) | Assets | (1) | (2) | (3) | Total | Total |
| | | (\$ in | Thousands) | | | | | | |
| 2015(a) | 12,665 | 143,898 | 98,150 | 215,448 | 100% | 100% | 60% | 85% | 88% |
| 2016 | 13,337 | 142,743 | 104,441 | 225,254 | 100% | 100% | 66% | 86% | 83% |
| 2017 (a) | 13,261 | 161,761 | 95,360 | 238,956 | 100% | 100% | 67% | 88% | 89% |
| 2018 | 14,196 | 162,018 | 102,961 | 249,096 | 100% | 100% | 71% | 89% | 92% |
| 2019 | 14,957 | 160,858 | 108,673 | 260,671 | 100% | 100% | 78% | 92% | 94% |
| 2020 | 15,745 | 163,177 | 117,732 | 277,318 | 100% | 100% | 84% | 93% | 95% |
| 2021 | 12,464 | 209,486 | 87,162 | 303,155 | 100% | 100% | 93% | 98% | 112% |
| 2022 (a) | 13,628 | 213,524 | 107,176 | 313,217 | 100% | 100% | 80% | 94% | 89% |
| 2023 | 13,739 | 225,388 | 110,880 | 322,396 | 100% | 100% | 75% | 92% | 88% |
| 2024 | 14,598 | 220,061 | 118,910 | 336,812 | 100% | 100% | 86% | 95% | 95% |

⁽a) After changes in benefit provisions and/or actuarial assumptions and methods.

Analysis of Experience: Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities

(as of June 30)

Actual experience will not (except by coincidence) coincide exactly with assumed experience. Gains andlosses often cancel each other over a period of years, but sizable year-to-year fluctuations are common. Detail on the derivation of the experience gain (loss) is shown below:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|---------------------|-------------------------|
| 1) UAAL* at start of year | \$ 27,611,910 | \$ 21,111,609 |
| 2) Employer normal cost from last valuation | 7,264,995 | 7,071,579 |
| 3) Employer contributions | 10,266,594 | 8,230,629 |
| 4) Interest accrual: (1) * .055 + [(2)-(3)]*.0275 | 1,436,111 | 1,129,265 |
| 5) Expected UAAL before changes: (1)+(2)-(3)+(4) | 26,046,422 | 21,081,824 |
| 6) Change in benefits/assumptions/methods | 0 | 0 |
| 7) Expected UAAL after changes: (5) + (6) | 26,046,422 | 21,081,824 |
| 8) Actual UAAL at end of year | 16,756,865 | 27,611,910 |
| 9) Gain(loss): (7) - (8) | 9,289,557 | \$(6,530,086) |
| 10) Actuarial accrued liability at start of year | \$350,007,445 | \$334,328,250 |
| 11) Gain(loss) as percent of actuarial accrued liabilities at start of year: (9) / (10) | 2.7% | (2.0)% |
| 12) Investment gain (loss) As a percent of AAL at the start of the year: (12) / (10) | \$3,549,462 1.0% | \$256,432 0.1% |
| 13) Liability gain (loss) As a percent of AAL at the start of the year: (13) / (10) | \$5,740,095 1.7% | \$(6,786,518) (2.1)% |

^{*} Unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Analysis of Experience: Gains/Losses by Risk Area

(as of June 30, 2024)

| | Gain (Loss) During Year* | | | |
|--|--------------------------|-------------|--|--|
| | | Percent of | | |
| Type of Risk Area | \$ in Millions | Liabilities | | |
| ECONOMIC RISK AREAS | | | | |
| Pay Increases. If there are smaller pay increases than assumed, there is a gain. If greater increases, a | | | | |
| (loss). | \$4.0 | 1.1 % | | |
| Investment Return. If there is greater investment return than assumed, there is a gain. If less return, a (loss). | 3.5 | 1.0 % | | |
| a (1033). | 5.5 | 1.0 /0 | | |
| NON-ECONOMIC RISK AREAS | | | | |
| Age & Service Retirements. If members retire at older ages or with lower final average pays than assumed, there is a gain. If younger ages or higher average | | | | |
| pays, a (loss). | 0.4 | 0.1 % | | |
| Disability Retirements . If there are fewer disabilities than assumed, there is a gain. If more, a (loss). | 0.1 | 0.0 % | | |
| Death-in-Service Benefits . If more liabilities are released by deaths-in-service than assumed, there is a gain. If less, a (loss). | (0.1) | 0.0 % | | |
| Withdrawal. If more liabilities are released by other separations than assumed, there is a gain. If smaller releases, a (loss). | (1.4) | (0.4)% | | |
| Retiree Mortality/COLAs. If there are fewer deaths than assumed, there is a (loss). If more, a gain. This includes gains and losses related to Tier I | 4.0 | 1.1 % | | |
| pre-July 1, 1983 retired member increases. | 4.0 | 1.1 % | | |
| Other . Gains and losses resulting from group size change, data adjustments, timing of financial transactions, additional contributions | | | | |
| and miscellaneous unidentified sources. | (1.2) | (0.3)% | | |
| Experience Gain/(Loss) | \$9.3 | 2.7 % | | |

^{*} Totals may not add due to rounding.

Summary of Plan Provisions

(as of June 30, 2024)

Tier One Tier Two

Description

Elected or appointed prior to the effective date of Act 399 of 1999 and who do not elect to participate in Tier Two.

Elected or appointed after the effective date of Act 399 of 1999 or elected to participate in Tier Two.

Regular Retirement

An active member may retire at age 65 with 10 or more years of credited service, or after 20 years of credited service regardless of age. Persons who become members after June 30, 1983 must also have at least 8 years of actual service as a justice of the Supreme Court, or as a judge of the Circuit or Chancery Courts or the Court of Appeals.

An active member or former member may retire at age 65 with 8 or more years of credited service, or after 20 years of credited service regardless of age.

Compulsory Retirement

Any judge or justice who attains 70 years of age during a term of office to which he has been elected may complete the term without forfeiting rights to retirement benefits. Any judge or justice who is not eligible to retire at age 70 may continue to serve as judge until completion of the term in which there has accrued sufficient credited service to retire. Otherwise, judges or justices must retire by their 70th birthday or lose their retirement benefits.

Any judge or justice who attains 70 years of age during a term of office to which he has been elected may complete the term without forfeiting rights to retirement benefits. Any judge or justice who is not eligible to retire at age 70 may continue to serve as judge until completion of the term in which there has accrued sufficient credited service to retire. Otherwise, judges or justices must retire by their 70th birthday or lose their retirement benefits.

Final Salary

The annual salary for the last judicial office held.

The annual salary for the last judicial office held.

Age & Service Annuity

60% of the judge's final salary, for life.

Each year of additional service after twenty (20) years of judicial service, the benefit shall be increased by two and one-half percent (2.5%) with a maximum benefit payable of seventy-five percent (75%) of the judge's final salary.

3.2% of the salary of the last judicial office held multiplied by the number of years of service not to exceed 80% of the salary of the last judicial office held.

Tier One Tier Two

Deferred Retirement

An inactive member who has 14 or more years of credited service and left judicial service before attaining age 65 will be entitled to an age and service annuity beginning at age 65. Persons who become members after June 30, 1983 must also have at least 8 years of actual service as a justice of the Supreme Court, or as a judge of the Circuit or Chancery Courts or the Court of Appeals.

An inactive member who has 8 or more years of credited service and left judicial service before attaining age 65 will be entitled to an age and service annuity beginning at age 65.

Disability Retirement

An active member with 3 or more consecutive years of credited service who becomes totally and permanently disabled may be retired and receive a disability annuity computed in the same manner as an age and service annuity. The 3 years of service is not required for persons who were members before July 1, 1983.

An active member with 3 or more consecutive years of credited service who becomes totally and permanently disabled may be retired and receive a disability annuity computed in the same manner as an age and service annuity, except that the benefit shall not be less than 25.6% of final salary.

Early Retirement

A member who became a member before July 1, 1983 and who has 18 but less than 20 years credited service may retire, regardless of age, and receive an immediate annuity. The amount is the full age and service amount reduced proportionately for service less than 20 years.

A member with 14 years of credited service may retire between ages 62 and 65 and receive an immediate annuity. The amount is the full age and service amount reduced 1/2 of 1% for each month that retirement age is younger than age 65. Persons who become members after June 30, 1983 must also have at least 8 years of actual service as a justice of the Supreme Court, or as a judge of the Circuit Court or Chancery Courts or the Court of Appeals.

A member with 8 years of credited service may retire between ages 62 and 65 and receive an immediate annuity. The amount is the full age and service amount reduced 1/2 of 1% for each month retirement age is younger than age 65.

Tier One Tier Two

Survivor Benefits

Upon the death of a member with 3 or more years of service, before or after retirement, an annuity of 67% of the judge's benefit is payable to the following survivors (shared if there is more than one eligible survivor):

- A surviving spouse married to the judge more than 1 year at the time of death.
- A minor child of the judge.

The 3-year service requirement is not required of those who became members prior to July 1, 1983.

Upon the death of a member with 3 or more years of service, before or after retirement, an annuity of 67% of the judge's benefit, but not less than 17.152% of final salary, is payable to the following survivors (shared if there is more than one eligible survivor):

- A surviving spouse married to the judge more than 1 year at the time of death.
- A minor child of the judge.

The 3-year service requirement is not required of those who became members prior to July 1, 1983.

Increases After Retirement

For any person who was a member on or before June 30, 1983, the retirement benefits are increased or decreased from time to time as the salary for the particular judicial office is increased or decreased. For all judges or justices first elected after June 30, 1983, and who have received retirement benefits from the System for at least 12 full calendar months, the retirement benefits are increased each July 1st by 3%.

For all judges or justices who have received retirement benefits from the System for at least 12 full calendar months, the retirement benefits are increased each July 1st by 3%.

Member Contributions

Active members contribute 6% of their salaries. Members with 20 or more years of service and members age 65 or older with 10 or more years of service do not contribute to the Retirement System. At any time a member is accruing the additional 2.5% of final salary benefit, member contributions would be required. If a member leaves service before becoming eligible to retire, accumulated contributions may be refunded.

Active members contribute 5% of their salaries. Members with 25 or more years of service do not contribute to the Retirement System. If a member leaves service before becoming eligible to retire, accumulated contributions may be refunded.

Actuarial



The System

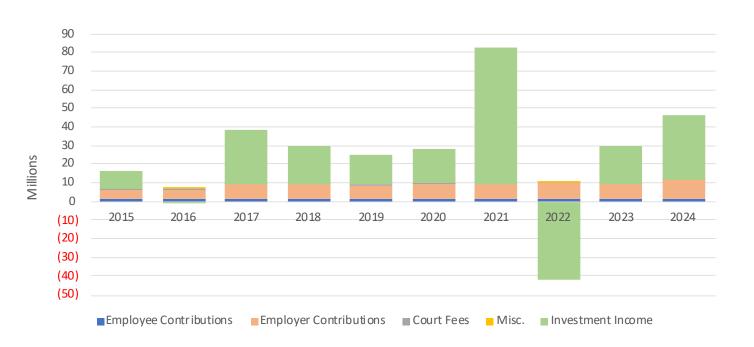
Schedule of Revenues by Source

for fiscal years ended June 30)

| Year Ending June 30 | Employee Contributions | Employer & Other Entity Contributions | Court Fees | Misc. | Investment Income | Total |
|------------------------|---------------------------|---|------------|--------|----------------------|--------------|
| 2015 | 946,149 | 5,078,901 | 609,388 | 2,092 | 9,971,824 | 16,608,354 |
| 2016 | 1,011,372 | 4,962,144 | 586,818 | 12,328 | (581,835) | 5,990,826 |
| 2017 | 1,016,646 | 7,898,543 | 586,818 | 45,833 | 29,157,400 | 38,705,240 |
| 2018 | 1,016,180 | 7,834,355 | 586,818 | 12 | 20,431,379 | 29,868,745 |
| 2019 | 1,030,430 | 7,722,374 | 511,585 | 16 | 15,931,915 | 25,196,320 |
| 2020 | 1,138,323 | 8,177,723 | 394,974 | 1,096 | 18,489,171 | 28,201,287 |
| 2021 | 1,117,205 | 8,038,373 | 171,520 | 13 | 73,378,507 | 82,705,618 |
| 2022 | 1,300,942 | 8,692,620 | 270,839 | 14 | (41,879,100) | (31,614,685) |
| 2023 | 1,267,952 | 8,042,547 | 188,083 | 112 | 20,437,792 | 29,936,486 |
| 2024 | \$1,307,899 | \$9,860,335 | \$406,259 | \$223 | \$34,496,857 | \$46,071,573 |

Chart of Revenues by Source

for fiscal years ended June 30)



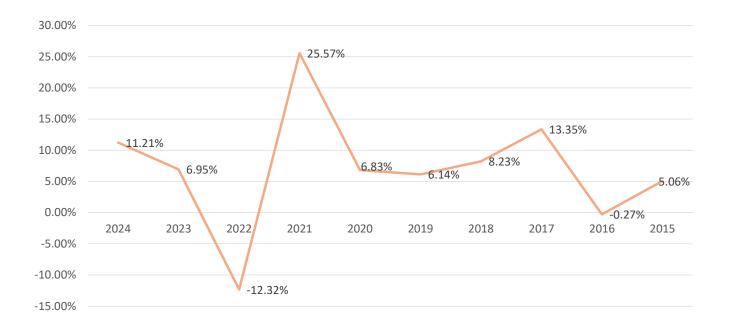
Statistical

Schedule of Investment Rate of Return

| Year Ending June 30 | Rate of Return |
|------------------------|----------------|
| 2015 | 5.06% |
| 2016 | -0.27% |
| 2017 | 13.35% |
| 2018 | 8.23% |
| 2019 | 6.14% |
| 2020 | 6.83% |
| 2021 | 25.57% |
| 2022 | -12.32% |
| 2023 | 6.95% |
| 2024 | 11.23% |
| | |

Chart of Investment Rate of Return

(for fiscal years ended June 30)



Schedule of Expenses by Type

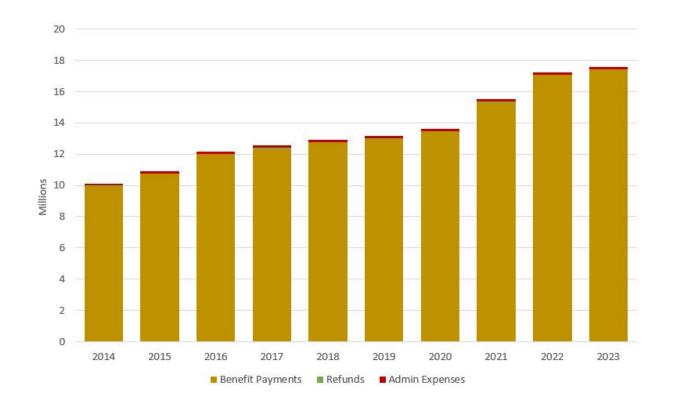
| Year Ending June 30 | Benefit Payments | Refunds | Administrative Expenses | Total |
|------------------------|---------------------|---------|----------------------------|---------------|
| 2015 | 10,762,871 | 14,320 | 137,951 | 10,915,142 |
| 2016 | 12,007,537 | 800 | 158,420 | 12,166,757 |
| 2017 | 12,310,422 | 79,011 | 168,702 | 12,558,134 |
| 2018 | 12,769,175 | 0 | 142,311 | 12,911,485 |
| 2019 | 12,979,769 | 22,024 | 147,062 | 13,148,855 |
| 2020 | 13,440,774 | 5,986 | 141,891 | 13,588,651 |
| 2021 | 15,310,419 | 49,199 | 145,150 | 15,504,768 |
| 2022 | 17,060,242 | 0 | 164,115 | 17,224,357 |
| 2023 | 17,411,833 | 0 | 170,984 | 17,582,817 |
| 2024 | \$18,107,583 | \$0 | \$ 149,590 | \$ 18,257,173 |

^{*} Expenses are annualized based on June 30 benefit amounts.

Note: Administrative expenses will change once the pension expense amount is adjusted based upon actuarially determined net pension liability.

Chart of Expenses by Type

(shown in millions of dollars; for fiscal years ended June 30)



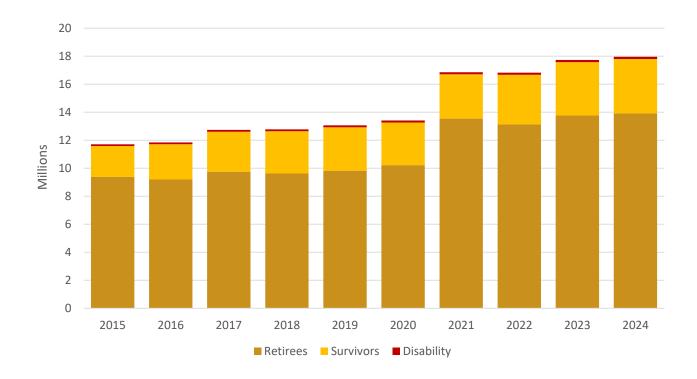
Schedule of Benefit Expenses by Type

| Year Ended June 30 | Age and Service Retirees | Survivors | Disability Retirees |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|------------------------|
| 2015 | 9,377,001 | 2,206,257 | 124,740 |
| 2016 | 9,194,076 | 2,516,580 | 128,482 |
| 2017 | 9,746,437 | 2,856,225 | 132,336 |
| 2018 | 9,620,977 | 3,014,896 | 136,306 |
| 2019 | 9,823,260 | 3,095,064 | 140,376 |
| 2020 | 10,221,672 | 3,040,596 | 144,600 |
| 2021 | 13,538,832 | 3,165,576 | 148,932 |
| 2022 | 13,127,940 | 3,538,872 | 153,408 |
| 2023 | 13,761,204 | 3,807,540 | 158,004 |
| 2024 | \$ 13,913,160 | \$ 3,880,044 | \$ 162,744 |

^{*} Expenses are annualized based on June 30 benefit amounts.

Chart of Benefit Expenses by Type

(shown in millions of dollars; for fiscal years ended June 30)



Membership

Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Benefit

| (for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024) | | Annual | Annuity | |
|--|--------|---------------|----------------|--|
| Type of Annuity | Number | Annuities | Liabilities | |
| A 0 C | | | | |
| Age & Service Retirees | | | | |
| Life | 25 | \$ 2,402,700 | \$ 24,995,533 | |
| Life Continuing to Survivor | 100 | 11,510,460 | 149,430,724 | |
| Totals | 125 | 13,913,160 | 174,426,257 | |
| Beneficiaries of Age & Service Retirees | 46 | 3,880,044 | 38,347,899 | |
| Total Age & Service Retirees & Beneficiaries | 171 | 17,793,204 | 212,774,156 | |
| Disability Retirees | | | | |
| Life | 1 | 109,992 | 814,736 | |
| Life Continuing to Survivor | 1 | 52,752 | 666,046 | |
| Totals | 2 | 162,744 | 1,480,782 | |
| Beneficiaries of Disability Retirees | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Total Disability Retirees & Beneficiaries | 2 | 162,744 | 1,480,782 | |
| Death-in-Service Beneficiaries | 6 | 395,480 | 5,806,206 | |
| Total Retirees & Beneficiaries | 179 | \$ 18,351,428 | \$ 220,061,144 | |

Retired Members by Type of Benefit

(for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024)

